#### CITY OF SEABROOK, TEXAS COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT Year Ended September 30, 2010



Prepared By
City Administration and the Finance and Accounting Office

**Charles W. Pinto**City Manager

Pamela J. Lab
Director of Finance

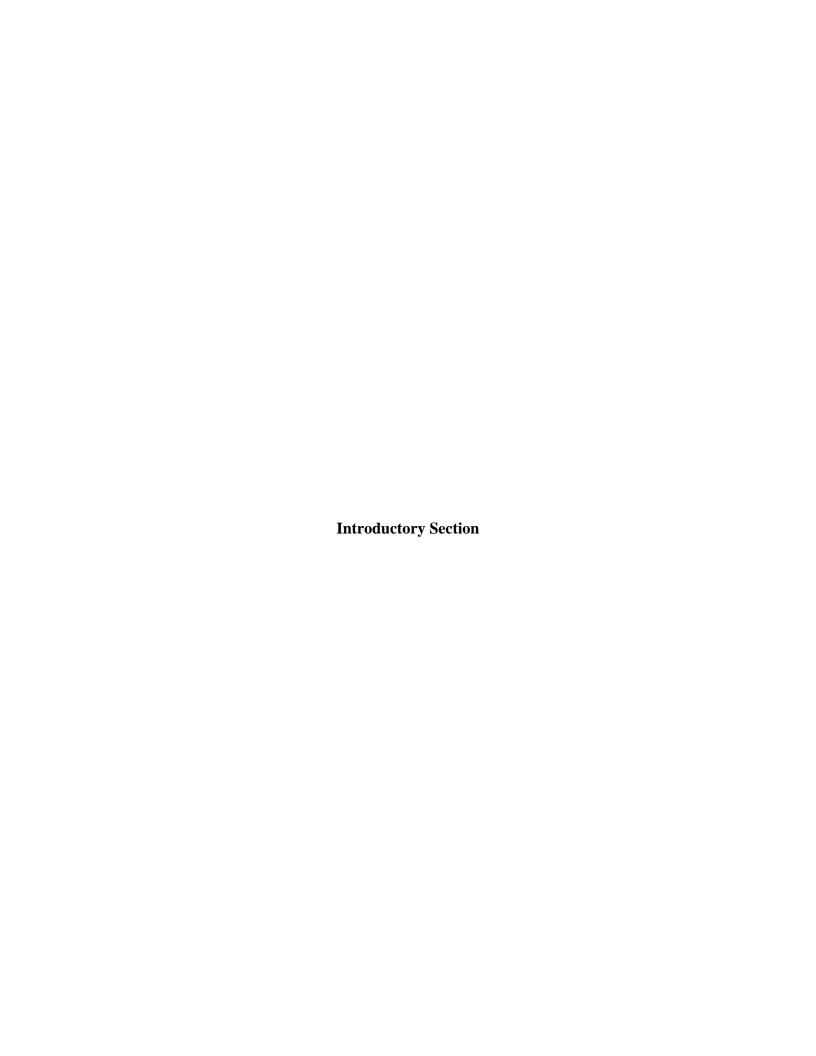
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#### 1700 First Street, Seabrook, Texas 77586 Telephone (281) 291-5600 Fax (281) 291-5690

March 18, 2011

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of City Council, and Citizens of the City of Seabrook, Texas:

The City of Seabrook, Texas (the City), is required to publish each year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Seabrook for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City and deems the enclosed data to be accurate in all material respects and reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of all City activities and funds. Therefore, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all information presented in this report. The City also acknowledges all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

The City's financial statements have been audited by Null Lairson, P.C., a firm of licensed public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based on the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2010 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

As required by GAAP, management has provided a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statement in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). The letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A, and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

#### **Profile of the Government**

The City of Seabrook, incorporated in 1961, is in southeastern Harris County and is located in the Clear Lake area which is approximately 25 miles southeast of Houston. The City is surrounded by Galveston Bay to the east, Clear Lake to the south, and the cities of Pasadena, El Lago and Taylor Lake Village to the north and west.

The City of Seabrook is a home-rule city and has adopted a Council-Manager form of government. The City Council is comprised of a mayor and six council members. The Mayor and Council Members are elected at large to serve three-year terms. The City Manager is appointed by the City Council and is responsible for implementation of City Council's policies and all day-to-day operations of the City.

A full range of municipal services is provided by the City of Seabrook including police and fire protection; emergency medical services; solid waste; water and wastewater utilities; public improvements; repair and maintenance of infrastructure; recreational and community activities; planning and zoning; and general administrative services.

As an independent political subdivision of the State of Texas, the City is considered a primary government. Pursuant to standards established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the City reports for all funds for which the City, as a primary government, is financially accountable. As such, this report includes financial activities of two component units as follows: The Seabrook Economic Development Corporation was created by the City in 1992 under the Texas Development Corporation Act of 1979 for the purpose of promoting, assisting and enhancing economic and related development activities on behalf of the City. The Seabrook Crime Control and Prevention District was created under the authority granted by Chapter 363 of the Texas Local Government Code and Section 323.105 of the Texas Tax Code for the purpose of strengthening and enhancing crime control activities of the City.

#### **Local Economy**

The Clear Lake Area, of which Seabrook is a part, is home to NASA's Johnson Space Center and is known to be the third largest boating center in the United States. The regional economy is very diverse and not driven by just one or two industries. Everything from tourism, boating and recreation industries to aerospace, petrochemical and biomedical facilities can be found in the immediate Clear Lake Area. The Port of Houston's Bayport Cruise Terminal, which lies just north of the City and opened in 2008, will bring tourists and related industries to the City.

The City of Seabrook continues to remain in a strong financial position in the Clear Lake area while still recovering from the effects and rebuilding from Hurricane IKE along with balancing the effects of the national economic crisis. The City of Seabrook continues to have a strong economic position as part of the greater Clear Lake area. Last year the City completed a redevelopment plan for the South Seabrook Marine District and Seabrook waterfront areas. As part of implementing this plan, the City has initiated an aggressive redevelopment strategy for its waterfront commercial district, known locally as "The Point." The strategy involves the raising of Waterfront Drive along with improved drainage, lighting and landscaping. The Council recently developed architectural design standards for this area. As "The Point" is directly across Clear Creek from the Kemah Boardwalk, it is anticipated this will go a long way to strengthen local tourism and expand Seabrook's tax base.

#### **Long-Term Financial Planning**

The City of Seabrook adopts a one-year budget, including a five-year capital improvement program. The budget process includes review of the City's long-term financial plan by updating projected revenues, operating expenditures and capital needs for the ensuing five years. Based on this forecast the City will be able to accomplish the following:

- Fund existing services at current service levels
- Maintain healthy fund balances that meet policy requirements
- Meet current and future debt service obligations
- Provide for adequate maintenance of capital and equipment and for their orderly replacement
- Pay for current expenditures with current revenues and available cash reserves

The City completed its utility rate study and implemented a new rate structure, complying with AWWA standards in January, 2006. As part of the study the City developed a five-year rate plan to meet current and future obligations. The rate plan and current and future needs are reviewed each year allowing the City to set rates that will fully support the utility operations and future capital and debt obligations while at the same time minimizing the impact to the citizens.

The City has maintained a strong bond rating as a result of its prudent fiscal policies.

#### **Major Initiatives**

In January 2008, the City issued its third and final phase of a bond program that was approved by voters in 2002. \$4.335 million in G.O. bonds and \$1.612 million in Water and Sewer bonds was sold. The funds will be used for the following projects:

**Repsdorph Road** - Harris County has partnered with the City of Seabrook to make major improvements to the city's roadway network. This \$15.9 million project includes the widening of Repsdorph Road from NASA Parkway north to connect to Lakeside Drive which will be extended from its current terminus. The two improved roads will meet at a traffic circle. These improvements will also greatly improve the SH 146/Repsdorph Road intersection from two to five traffic lanes and will provide ample access to a recently zoned commercial tract that encompasses the traffic circle. Construction has begun on this project and is slated for completion during the last quarter of 2012.

**Evelyn Meador Library -** Harris County has again partnered with the City of Seabrook to expand the county library located in the City of Seabrook. \$1.299 million in GO bonds was issued for this purpose. Construction is almost complete and the library should be reopened by mid-summer 2011.

Carothers Coastal Gardens - In January 2008, the City also issued \$2.5 million in GO bonds to purchase approximately 8 acres of land which had been approved by the voters in November 2007. The property which is on Galveston Bay borders Pine Gully Park on the north and includes a hacienda-style main house, a small cottage and extensive gardens. Future plans include developing this expansion of the park system as a potential venue for weddings, conferences, exhibitions or a nature or visitor center. The City recently completed a master plan for the property and started improvements to bring the property up to code for heavy public use.

The Port of Houston Authority has completed a cruise ship terminal at their Bayport facility just to the north of Seabrook. The planned access road for this terminal is an eastward extension of Red Bluff Road where it intersects State Highway 146. Recent rezoning in this area made possible the construction of an 86-room Comfort Suites hotel, Shell service station with an adjoining fast food restaurant and 12,000 square foot retail shopping center. These will capitalize on anticipated traffic resulting from the cruise terminal and the increasing traffic on SH 146. TXDOT started construction on the new SH 146/Red Bluff overpass with expected completion date of November 2012.

In September 2010, the City issued \$900,000 in Certificates of Obligation. Proceeds of this sale will fund construction to extend Lakeside Drive approximately 700 feet which will allow it to connect to the existing Repsdorph Road project.

In 2009, the City was awarded a \$3 million EDA grant and in 2010, an \$8.57 million CDBG grant. These funds will combine to provide much needed improvements to Waterfront Drive which includes the relocation of electric, water and sanitary sewer utilities as well as the raising and widening of the road, itself.

As a result of Hurricane Ike, the CDBG grant will also provide funding for the installation of generators at all three of the City's water well sites, repairs to streets that were submerged by flood waters and to construct a breakwater at Pine Gully to prevent sediment from entering the gully which will reduce future flooding.

#### **Certificate of Achievement**

The City of Seabrook received the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the year ended September 30, 2009. This was the 29<sup>th</sup> consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both generally accepted accounting standards and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report conforms to the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for an award.

#### Acknowledgments

The preparation of this report was accomplished with the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Finance Department. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the departments who assisted and contributed to its preparation. We would also like to thank the Mayor, members of the City Council, and the City Manager for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# City of Seabrook Texas

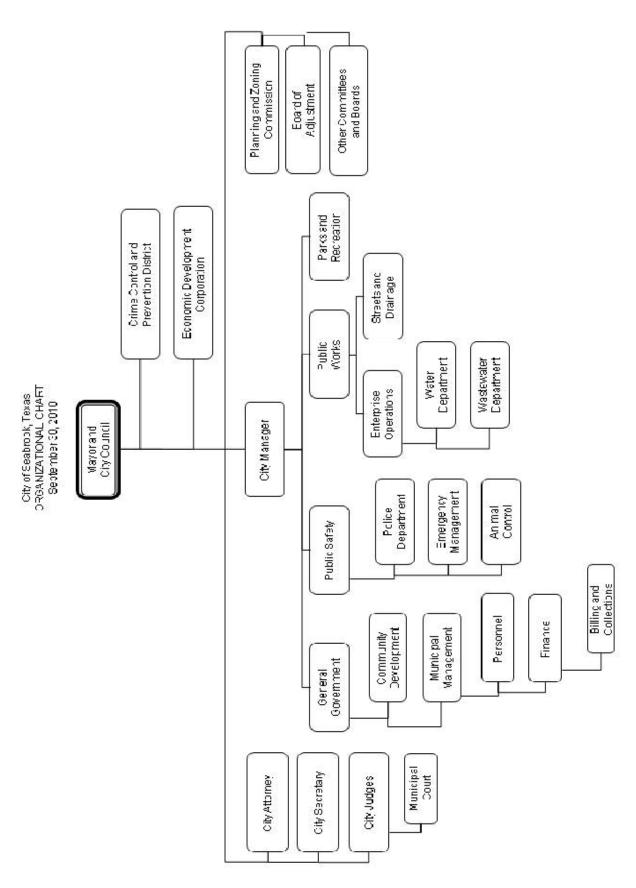
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2009

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers
Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

UNITED STATES

AND
CANADA
CORPORATION
SEC.AL

Executive Director



# CITY OF SEABROOK, TEXAS LIST OF ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICIALS For the year ended September 30, 2010

Elected Officials	Position	Term Expires May
Gary Renola	Mayor	05/2011
Kim Morrell	Council Member - Position One	05/2012
Garry Mack	Council Member - Position Two	05/2011
Paul Dunphey	Council Member - Position Three/Mayor Pro Tem	05/2012
Don Holbrook	Council Member - Position Four	05/2011
Thom Kolupski	Council Member - Position Five	05/2012
Laura Davis	Council Member - Position Six	05/2011
City Management	Position	
Charles Pinto	City Manager	
Nona Holomon	Director of Public Safety	
Arturo Chairez	Director of Public Services	
Michele Glaser	City Secretary	
Joe Pirtle	Municipal Judge	
Pam Lab	Director of Finance	





#### Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Seabrook, Texas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Seabrook, Texas (the "City") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of City management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of September 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 18, 2011 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 10 as well as the budgetary comparison and pension system supplementary information on pages 43 through 45 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Seabrook, Texas Page 2

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund financial information and statistical tables are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section and statistical tables have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Houston, Texas March 18, 2011

N/ull Zaism, P.C.

## CITY OF SEABROOK, TEXAS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the City of Seabrook (the "City"), we offer the readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010. It should be read in conjunction with the accompanying letter of transmittal and the accompanying basic financial statements.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

The discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, 3) notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide Financial Statements.** The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through their user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, highways and streets, sanitation, community development and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the City consist of a utility enterprise fund.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City of Seabrook, itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate component unit the Economic Development Corporation for which the City of Seabrook is financially accountable. Financial information for the component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 13 through 15 of this report.

**Fund Financial Statements.** A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories - governmental and proprietary – and utilize different accounting approaches.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains seven individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the general, debt service and capital projects funds, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other four governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 16 through 19 of this report.

**Proprietary Funds.** The City charges customers for the utility services it provides. These services are generally reported in the City Enterprise Fund.

Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses an enterprise fund to account for its Utility operations (water, sewer and sanitation). The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 20 through 22 of this report.

**Notes to the Financial Statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 23 through 40 of this report.

**Other Information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees and general fund budgetary comparisons. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 43 through 45 of the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds and internal service funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions. Combining and individual fund statements and supporting schedules can be found beginning on page 50 of the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

#### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of the City's financial position. For the City of Seabrook, assets exceed liabilities by \$28.9 million as of September 30, 2010, in the primary government as follows:

#### **Condensed Schedule of Net Assets**

September 30, 2010 and 2009 Amounts in (000's)

	<b>Governmental Activities</b>		Business-ty	pe Activities	Totals			
	2010	2009	2010 2009		2010	2009		
Current and other assets	\$ 9,878	9,648	\$ 6,609	\$ 6,709	\$ 16,488	\$ 16,357		
Capital assets	25,870	25,454	12,570	12,320	38,440	37,774		
Total Assets	35,748	35,102	19,179	19,029	54,927	54,131		
Other liabilities	914	528	705	694	1,619	1,222		
Long-term liabilities outstanding	18,751	18,395	5,640	5,926	24,391	24,321		
Total Liabilities	19,665	18,923	6,345	6,620	26,010	25,543		
Net assets:								
Invested in capital assets, nets of								
related debt	14,938	14,027	7,553	7,567	22,491	21,594		
Restricted	3,005	3,052	2,294	2,165	5,299	5,217		
Unrestricted	(1,860)	(900)	2,987	2,677	1,127	1,777		
<b>Total Net Assets</b>	\$ 16,083	\$ 16,179	\$ 12,834	\$ 12,409	\$ 28,917	\$ 28,588		

#### **Net Assets Invested in Capital Assets Net of Related Debt**

A large portion of the City's net assets (78%) reflects its investments in capital assets (e.g., land, city hall, emergency services equipment, fleet equipment, parks, streets and drainage systems, as well as the public works facilities), less any debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

#### **Restricted Net Assets**

A portion of the City's net assets, \$5.3 million or 18%, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance is unrestricted net assets, \$1.1 million or 4%, and may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to residents and creditors. Both of these categories remained relatively stable compared to the prior year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

#### **Unrestricted Net Assets**

As noted elsewhere in the report, the City partnered with Harris County to widen Repsdorph Road, a thoroughfare owned by Harris County in order to facilitate mobility in the City of Seabrook. Because the results of the construction of Repsdorph Road did not lead to the City owning any capital assets, the \$4.0 million of outstanding voter approved debt related to this project is netted against the otherwise unrestricted net assets of \$2.1 million resulting in the City reporting a negative unrestricted net assets in the governmental activities of approximately \$1.9 million at September 30, 2010.

The following table summarizes the changes in net assets for the City for the year s ended September 30, 2010 and 2009:

#### **Condensed Scheule of Changes in Net Assets**

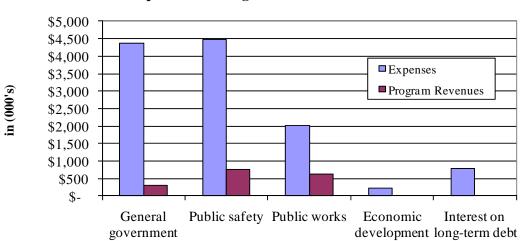
For the Years Ended September 30, 2010 and 2009 Amounts in (000's)

	Governmental Activities		Business-ty	pe Activities	Totals		
	2010	2009	2009 2010		2010	2009	
Revenues					-		
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 893	\$ 1,162	\$ 6,049	\$ 5,594	\$ 6,942	\$ 6,756	
Operating grants and contributions	665	3,239			665	3,239	
Capital grants and contributions	134	1,249	134	298	268	1,547	
General revenue							
Property taxes	5,088	5,056			5,088	5,056	
Other taxes	3,133	3,312			3,133	3,312	
Investment income	16	57	10	41	26	98	
Other	409	752	35	934	444	1,686	
Total Revenues	10,338	14,827	6,228	6,867	16,566	21,694	
Expenses							
General government	4,377	3,703			4,377	3,703	
Public safety	4,472	4,040			4,472	4,040	
Public works	2,012	5,180			2,012	5,180	
Economic development	239	308			239	308	
Interest on long-term debt	781	716			781	716	
Utilities			4,356	4,372	4,356	4,372	
Total Expenses	11,881	13,947	4,356	4,372	16,237	18,319	
Increase (decrease) in net assets							
before transfers	(1,543)	880	1,872	2,495	329	3,375	
Transfers	1,447	1,289	(1,447)	(1,289)			
Increase (decrease) in net assets	(96)	2,169	425	1,206	329	3,375	
Net assets - beginning	16,179	14,010	12,409	11,203	28,588	25,213	
Net assets - ending	\$ 16,083	\$ 16,179	\$ 12,834	\$ 12,409	\$ 28,917	\$ 28,588	

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

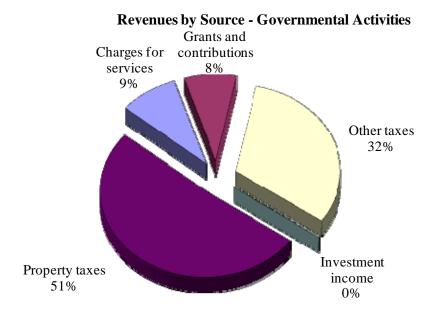
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

**Governmental Activities.** Governmental activities decreased the City's net assets by approximately \$96 thousand primarily due to the replacement of the air conditioning system and generator at city hall. A comparison of program expenses to program revenues and revenues by source for governmental activities follows:



**Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities** 

Revenue sources for governmental activities were distributed as follows:



For the year ended September 30, 2010, revenues without transfers in the governmental activities totaled \$10.3 million. This represents a decrease of approximately \$4.5 million or 30%. The decrease is mostly related to a reduction in intergovernmental grant revenue that the city received in 2009 to reimburse charges related to Hurricane Ike. The remainder of the decrease is due to lower property and sales tax collections attributed to the soft economy.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

Total expenses decreased for fiscal year 2010 in comparison to fiscal year 2009. General government expenses decreased in public works by \$3.2 million from the prior year. The decrease in public works is due to expenses related to Hurricane Ike reported in FY2009.

**Business-type Activities.** The net assets of the City's business-type activities increased by \$425 thousand and can be attributed to the 5 year rate plan the city adopted in 2006. However, this increase is \$781 thousand less than the previous year due to the reimbursements in 2009 of Hurricane Ike expenses. A comparison between expenses and program revenues (charges for services) relating to Utility operations follows.

# \$7,000 \$6,000 \$5,000 \$4,000 \$3,000 \$1,000 \$ Utilities

#### **Expenses and Program Revenues - Business-type Activities**

#### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$8.3 million, a decrease of \$164,000 from the prior year. This relatively stable fund balance reflects a \$143,000 decrease in capital project balances due to ongoing construction projects as well as decreases in the Debt Service and nonmajor Governmental Funds.

**Governmental Funds.** The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the general fund was \$2.9 million, an increase of \$26,367 compared to last year. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 30% of total general fund expenditures.

The Debt Service fund had a total fund balance of approximately \$1.7 million, all of which is reserved for the payment of debt service. The net decrease in fund balance from the prior year of \$2,828 was due to more debt service payments made than revenues collected.

The Capital Projects Fund also experienced a decrease in fund balance in the amount of \$143,265. This was a planned decrease as the City utilized bond funds to construct and acquire various capital assets.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

**Proprietary Funds.** The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements.

Unrestricted net assets of the Utility Enterprise fund at the end of the year amounted to approximately \$3.0 million and represents approximately 69% of annual operating expenses for the fund.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Actual revenues exceeded original and amended General Fund budgeted revenues by \$8,567. Property taxes, sales taxes and franchise fees were below projected budget by \$20,164 while charges for services exceeded budget by \$27,609.

Total appropriations exceeded expenditures by \$287,598, the majority of which can be attributed to two departments. Public safety was under budget by \$110,750 due to the fact that the City had an open position in the department that was not filled due to decreased revenues. Public works expenditures were under budget by \$86,524 due to decreased expenditures in maintenance in an effort by the City to cut costs.

The city made budget adjustments of approximately \$401,000 for intergovernmental grant revenues and building repairs as a result of Hurricane Ike.

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

Capital Assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of September 30, 2010 amounted to \$37.8 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, roads, park facilities, water and wastewater plants and service lines, machinery and equipment, and construction in progress. The total increase in the City's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was approximately \$2.1 million. The following table shows capital asset activity for the 2010 fiscal year (in 000's):

	G	<b>Governmental Activities</b>		В	<b>Business-Type Activities</b>			Totals				
		2010		2009		2010		2009		2010		2009
Land	\$	11,210	\$	11,113	\$	96	\$	96	\$	11,306	\$	11,209
Construction in progress		651		48		853		953		1,504		1,001
Infrastructure		4,984		5,216		9,497		8,998		14,481	•	14,214
Buildings and improvements		6,135		6,303		1,677		1,749		7,812		8,052
Machinery and equipment		2,890		2,775		446		525		3,336		3,300
Total Capital Assets	\$	25,870	\$	25,455	\$	12,569	\$	12,321	\$	38,439	\$	37,776

Major capital asset events during the current year include the reporting of park and fire training ground lands.

Construction in progress at year-end represents ongoing projects; to include streets, water tank rehabilitation and sewer projects. Additional information on capital asset activity can be found in note 4 to the financial statements.

**Long-term Debt.** At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total bonded debt outstanding of million. Of this amount, million is backed by the full faith and credit of the City, and the remainder represents revenue bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

The City's total debt increased by approximately \$27,000 during the fiscal year. The key factor in this increase was the issuance of new debt in the amount of \$900,000.

The City's Governmental and Utility Enterprise Fund debt has the following ratings:

Debt Type	Moody's	Standard &Poors
General Obligation bonds	A3	AA-
Revenue bonds	Baa1	AA-

The City has no legal debt limit provision in its charter.

Additional information on long-term debt activity can be found in note 5 to the financial statements.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

The City Council provided staff with their vision for the future of the City and specific policy guidance with which to propose the fiscal year 2011 Budget. The City's general fund revenue is principally made up of property taxes, sales taxes and franchise fees. The revenues projections for the budget are based on historical data, estimates from the finance department and individual department heads, but they have been projected conservatively.

The Seabrook City Council approved a General Fund budget of \$ 8.72 million for the 2011 fiscal year. The 2010 budget incorporated a tax rate increase of \$.013398 (2.18%) to \$.626807 per \$100 of valuation.

Residential building permits and commercial building permits are expected to decrease and are reflected in a \$573,000 decrease in budgeted revenues.

#### **Contacting the City's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Seabrook's finances. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to Pamela Lab, Finance Director, City Hall, 1700 First Street, Seabrook, TX, 77586, telephone (281) 291-5677, or for general City information, visit the City's website at www.ci.seabrook.tx.us.

**Basic Financial Statements** 

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STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS September 30, 2010

September 30, 2010	Pri	mary Governme	nt	Component Unit	
	Governmental Activities	Business- type Activities	Total	Seabrook Economic Development Corporation	
Assets	<b>A</b> 0.100 (55	ф. <b>2</b> 0 40 <b>22</b> 0	<b>4.1.15</b> 0.005	Φ 2255214	
Cash and equivalents	\$ 8,130,657	\$ 3,040,239	\$ 11,170,896	\$ 2,266,214	
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles	1 414 545	700 255	2,136,900	154.004	
Internal Balances	1,414,545	722,355	2,130,900	154,994	
	6,696	(6,696)	2.720.105		
Restricted cash and equivalents	226 427	2,730,195	2,730,195	12 490	
Deferred charges  Capital assets:	326,427	123,181	449,608	13,480	
Capital assets not subject to					
depreciation	11,861,389	949,070	12,810,459		
Capital assets, net of	11,001,309	949,070	12,810,439		
accumulated depreciation	14,008,644	11,620,536	25,629,180		
Total Capital Assets	25,870,033	12,569,606	38,439,639		
Total Assets	35,748,358	19,178,880	54,927,238	2,434,688	
10001105005	33,7 10,330	17,170,000	31,727,230	2,131,000	
Liabilities					
Accounts payable and accrued					
liabilities	825,359	275,644	1,101,003	70,575	
Accrued interest	38,199	36,409	74,608	2,992	
Unearned revenues	2,643		2,643		
Customer deposits	47,587	393,098	440,685		
Long-term liabilities:					
Due within one year	775,322	374,241	1,149,563	175,000	
Due in more than one year	17,975,924	5,265,823	23,241,747	356,818	
Total Liabilities	19,665,034	6,345,215	26,010,249	605,385	
Net Assets					
Invested in capital assets, net of					
related debt	14,938,447	7,552,636	22,491,083		
Restricted for:					
Capital projects	542,196	2,038,664	2,580,860		
Debt service	1,650,912	255,469	1,906,381	223,755	
Economic development	793,052		793,052		
Tourism	18,378	2004004	18,378	4 60% 510	
Unrestricted	(1,859,661)	2,986,896	1,127,235	1,605,548	
Total Net Assets	\$ 16,083,324	\$ 12,833,665	\$ 28,916,989	\$ 1,829,303	

			Program Revenue						
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		ital Grants and tributions	
Primary government									
Governmental Activities:									
General government	\$	4,376,699	\$		\$	193,182	\$	102,444	
Public safety		4,471,942		592,274		180,332			
Public works		2,011,743		300,378		282,014		31,815	
Economic development		239,073				9,445			
Interest on long-term debt		780,835							
Total governmental activities		11,880,292		892,652		664,973		134,259	
Business-type activities:									
Utilities		4,356,358		6,048,698				133,954	
Total business-type activities		4,356,358		6,048,698				133,954	
Total primary government	\$	16,236,650	\$	6,941,350	\$	664,973	\$	268,213	
<b>Component Units</b>									
Seabrook Economic									
Development Corporation	\$	466,955	\$		\$		\$	28,700	
Total component units	\$	466,955	\$		\$		\$	28,700	

#### General revenues:

#### Taxes:

Property taxes

Sales and use taxes

Franchise taxes

Unrestricted investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Transfers

#### Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net assets

Net assets - beginning

Net assets - ending

 Net (Ex	pense) Revenue and	l Changes in Net As	
D.4	C	_	Component Unit
vernmental	Business- type		Seabrook Economic Development
 Activities	Activities	Total	Corporation
\$ (4,081,073) (3,699,336) (1,397,536) (229,628) (780,835) (10,188,408)	\$	\$ (4,081,073) (3,699,336) (1,397,536) (229,628) (780,835) (10,188,408)	
(10,188,408)	1,826,294 1,826,294 1,826,294	1,826,294 1,826,294 (8,362,114)	
			\$ (438,255) (438,255)
5,088,332 2,421,557 711,057		5,088,332 2,421,557 711,057	706,171
15,843	10,116	25,959	4,645
408,615	35,382	443,997	96,935
1,447,381	(1,447,381)		
 10,092,785	(1,401,883)	8,690,902	807,751
(95,623)	424,411	328,788	369,496
 16,178,946	12,409,254	28,588,200	1,459,807
\$ 16,083,323	\$ 12,833,665	\$ 28,916,989	\$ 1,829,303

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2010

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$2,685,981	\$1,688,289	\$2,507,579	\$ 1,248,808	\$ 8,130,657
Receivables, net of allowance for					
uncollectibles	1,145,064	90,793		178,688	1,414,545
Due from other funds	6,696				6,696
Prepaid items	4,684				4,684
<b>Total Assets</b>	\$3,842,425	\$1,779,082	\$2,507,579	\$ 1,427,496	\$ 9,556,582
Liabilities and Fund Balances					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 695,435	\$	\$ 60,738	\$ 73,870	\$ 830,043
Deposits	47,587				47,587
Deferred revenue	239,556	89,971			329,527
Total Liabilities	982,578	89,971	60,738	73,870	1,207,157
Fund balances:					
Reserved for:					
Prepaid items	4,684				4,684
Debt service		1,689,111			1,689,111
Public safety				542,196	542,196
Public works				18,378	18,378
Economic development				793,052	793,052
Unreserved, reported in:					
General fund	2,855,163				2,855,163
Capital projects funds			2,446,841		2,446,841
<b>Total Fund balances</b>	2,859,847	1,689,111	2,446,841	1,353,626	8,349,425
<b>Total Liabilities and Fund</b>					
Balances	\$3,842,425	\$1,779,082	\$2,507,579	\$ 1,427,496	\$ 9,556,582

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS September 30, 2010

#### Total fund balance, governmental funds

\$ 8,349,425

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in this fund financial statement, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Assets.

25,870,033

Certain other long-term assets (property taxes receivable and adjudicated court fines receivable) are not available to pay current period expenditures and therefore are not reported in this fund financial statement, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Assets.

326,884

Some liabilities, are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Assets.

Bonds payable	(17,315,625)
Certificates of Obligation Payable	(900,000)
Compensated absences	(410,884)
Accrued interest governmental activity debt	(38,199)
Deferred charges	326,427
Premium or discount on bonds payable	(124,737)

#### Net Assets of Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Assets \$ 16,083,324

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

Revenues         Property taxes       \$3,780,787       \$1,303,478       \$       \$5,084,         Sales and use taxes       1,511,373       910,184       2,421,         Franchise taxes       711,057       711,         Licenses and permits       224,612       224,         Fines and forfeitures       456,594       82,768       539,	557 057 612 362 766 841 528 496
Sales and use taxes       1,511,373       910,184       2,421,         Franchise taxes       711,057       711,         Licenses and permits       224,612       224,	557 057 612 362 766 841 528 496
Franchise taxes         711,057         711,           Licenses and permits         224,612         224,	057 612 362 766 841 528
Licenses and permits 224,612 224,	612 362 766 841 528
	362 766 841 528 496
Fines and forfeitures 456,594 82,768 539,	766 841 528 496
	841 528 496
Charges for services 75,016 10,750 85,	528 496
Investment earnings 5,652 4,187 4,019 1,983 15,	496
Intergovernmental 651,569 3,959 655,	
Other 432,715 375 52,406 485,	484_
<b>Total Revenues</b> 7,849,375 1,307,665 4,394 1,062,050 10,223,	
Expenditures	
Current:	
General government 4,096,478 4,096,	478
Public safety 3,546,929 866,623 4,413,	552
Public works 1,758,184 1,758,	184
Economic development projects 239,809 239,	809
Debt Service:	
Principal 556,875 27,830 584,	705
Interest and other charges 753,618 753,	618
<b>Capital outlay</b> 1,019,829 1,019,	829
<b>Total Expenditures</b> 9,401,591 1,310,493 1,047,659 1,106,432 12,866,	175
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	
expenditures (1,552,216) (2,828) (1,043,265) (44,382) (2,642,	691)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	
General obligation debt issued 900,000 900,	000
Insurance proceeds 131,202 131,	
Transfers in 1,447,381 1,447,	
Total other financing sources and uses         1,578,583         900,000         2,478,	
Net change in fund balances 26,367 (2,828) (143,265) (44,382) (164,	108)
Fund balances - beginning         2,833,480         1,691,939         2,590,106         1,398,008         8,513,	533
Fund balances - ending         \$2,859,847         \$1,689,111         \$2,446,841         \$ 1,353,626         \$ 8,349,	425

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

t change in fund balances - total governmental funds:	\$ (164,108)
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different ecause:	
Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures because such outlays use current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities reports only a portion of the outlay as expense. The outlay is allocated over the assets' estimated useful lives as depreciation expense for the period.	
This is the amount by which capital outlays \$1,388,102 exceeded depreciation \$950,892 in the current period.	437,210
Capital assets contributed by external entities that do not represent current assets and are not reflected in the governmental fund financial statements.  Current year disposal of assets are reported in the government-wide financial statement	134,259
and not in the fund statement. The book value of assets disposals reduces net assets in the government-wide statement.	(155,724)
Governmental funds do not present revenues that are not available to pay current obligations. In contrast, such revenues are reported in the Statement of Activities when earned.	4,067
Governmental funds report bond proceeds as current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities treats such issuance of debt as a liability. Governmental funds report repayment of bond principal as an expenditure, In contrast, the Statement of Activities treats such repayments as a reduction in long-term liabilities. This is the	
amount by which proceeds exceeded repayments.	(343,125)
Governmental funds report bond issuance costs as expenditures. In contrast, the government wide financial statements amortized such a cost over the life of the bonds.	27,080
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and these are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:	
Amortization of bond issuance costs	(26,468)
Compensated Absences	(8,814)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ (95,623)

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS September 30, 2010

	Business-type Activities	
	Enterprise Fund	
Assets		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,040,239	
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts	722,355	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	2,730,195	
Total Current Assets	6,492,789	
Non-current Assets:	100 101	
Deferred charges	123,181	
Capital Assets:	0.7.770	
Land and improvements	95,750	
Construction in progress	853,320	
Infrastructure	14,083,591	
Buildings	3,119,466	
Machinery and equipment	1,708,024	
Less Accumulated depreciation	(7,290,545)	
Total Non-current Assets Total Assets	12,692,787	
1 otal Assets	19,185,576	
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	275,644	
Accrued interest payable	36,409	
Due to other funds	6,696	
Customer deposits	393,098	
Compensated absences - current portion	41,366	
Bonds and certificates of obligation payable - current portion	332,875	
Total Current Liabilities	1,086,088	
Non-current Liabilities:		
Compensated absences	129,423	
Bonds and certificates of obligation payable	5,136,400	
Total Non-current Liabilities	5,265,823	
Total Liabilities	6,351,911	
Net Assets		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	7,552,636	
Restricted for debt service	255,469	
Restricted for capital projects - impact fees	2,038,664	
Unrestricted	2,986,896	
Total Net Assets	\$ 12,833,665	

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

	Business-type Activities	
	Enterprise Fund	
Revenues		
Charges for services	\$ 6,048,698	
Total Operating Revenues	6,048,698	
Operating Expenses		
Personnel services	1,013,549	
Supplies and materials	88,690	
Contractual services	2,483,307	
Repairs and maintenance	52,229	
Depreciation	470,886	
<b>Total Operating Expenses</b>	4,108,661	
Operating income	1,940,037	
Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)		
Earnings on investments	10,116	
Insurance recovery	35,382	
Interest expense	(247,697)	
Total Non-operating Revenue (Expenses)	(202,199)	
Income before contributions and transfers	1,737,838	
Capital contributions - impact fees	133,954	
Transfers out	(1,447,381)	
Change in net assets	424,411	
Total net assets - beginning	12,409,254	
Total net assets - ending	\$ 12,833,665	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

	Business-type Activities	
	<b>Enterprise Fund</b>	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 6,466,298	
Disbursed for personnel services	(981,852)	
Disbursed for goods and services	(2,613,084)	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	2,871,362	
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities		
Transfers from other funds	181,549	
Transfers to other funds	(1,451,485)	
Net cash provided by (used by) noncapital financing activities	(1,269,936)	
Cash Flows from Captial and Related Financing Activities		
Capital grants and contributions	133,954	
Insurance proceeds	35,382	
Principal payments on debt	(317,262)	
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(720,135)	
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	(868,061)	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Interest received	10,115	
Interest paid	(240,241)	
Net cash provided by (used by) investing activities	(230,126)	
Net increase in cash and equivalents	503,239	
Cash and equivalents, beginning of year	5,267,195	
Cash and equivalents, at end of year	\$ 5,770,434	
Unrestricted cash and equivalents	\$ 3,040,239	
Restricted cash and equivalents	2,730,195	
	\$ 5,770,434	
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by		
operating activities		
Operating income (loss)	\$ 1,940,037	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by		
operating activities:	450.004	
Depreciation (Approximately 2017)	470,886	
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	415,350	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	11,142	
Increase (decrease) in salaries payable	31,697	
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits  Not each provided by operating activities	\$ 2,250	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 2,871,362	

# CITY OF SEABROOK, TEXAS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### **Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

The City of Seabrook, Texas (the "City"), was incorporated under the laws of the State of Texas on October 14, 1961. The City has operated under a "Home Rule Charter" which provides for a "Council-Manager" form of government since August 11, 1979.

The City Council is the principal legislative body of the City. The City Manager is appointed by a majority vote of the City Council and is responsible to the Council for the administration of all affairs of the City. The City Manager is responsible for appointment and removal of department directors and employees, supervision and control of all City departments, and preparation of the annual budget.

The City provides the following services: public safety to include police, fire, and emergency medical services; parks; streets; sanitation, water and sewer services; recreation; public improvements; planning and zoning; and general administration.

### A. Reporting Entity

In conformity with GAAP, the financial statements of component units have been included in the financial reporting entity as discretely presented component units.

The component unit identified above is included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the City. The City appoints the organizations' board and is either able to impose its will on them or a financial benefit/burden exists.

### **Seabrook Economic Development Corporation**

Seabrook Economic Development Corporation has been included in the reporting entity as a discretely presented component unit. The Corporation was created by the City under the Texas Development Corporation Act of 1979 for the purpose of promoting, assisting, and enhancing economic and development activities on behalf of the City. The Board of Directors is appointed by and serves at the discretion of the City Council for Seabrook Economic Development Corporation Board of Directors is comprised of the Mayor, Mayor Pro-Tern, and five members who are not employees or City officials, all of whom are appointed by City Council. City Council approval is required for annual budgets and bonded debt issuance. In the event of dissolution, net assets of the Corporation shall be conveyed to the City. The operations of the Corporation are presented as a governmental fund type. Separate financial statements of the Corporation may be obtained from the finance department of the City.

### **Crime Control and Prevention District**

The Seabrook Crime Control and Prevention District (the "District") has been included in the reporting entity as a blended component unit. The District was created by the City under the authority granted by Chapter 363 of the Texas Local Government Code and Section 323.105 of the Texas Tax Code for the purpose of strengthening and enhancing crime control activities of the City.

An election was held on May 7, 2005, approving the creation of the District and the collection of a one-half cent sales tax to fund its operations, effective on October 1, 2005.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

### **Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

### **Crime Control and Prevention District (continued)**

The Board of Directors is substantively the same as City Council. Their respective positions on the board will be held until their City Council seat is vacated, at which time the incoming elected member of Council will fill the position on the board. The District will remain in existence for a period of five years and may then be extended upon approval by the voters. In the event of dissolution, net assets of the District shall be conveyed to the City.

The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government and other organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the notion of financial accountability. A primary government is financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity. It is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body and either it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. A primary government may also be financially accountable for governmental organizations that are fiscally dependent on it.

#### B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Changes in Net Assets) report information about the City as a whole. These statements include all activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

### **Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

General property taxes are recorded as receivables when levied and as revenue in the period for which they were levied and become available. Property taxes receivables have been recorded as deferred revenues at year-end. Property taxes collected within 60 days subsequent to September 30, 2009, have not been recorded as revenue as the amount is not considered material. Franchise taxes and sales taxes relating to underlying transactions that occurred prior to September 30, 2009, have been recorded as receivables and revenue. Licenses and permits, and fines and forfeitures are not susceptible to accrual since they are not measurable until received. Revenue on federal and state cost-reimbursement grants is accrued when the related expenditures are incurred. Interest is recorded when earned.

### The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is used to account for all financial transactions that are not accounted for in another fund. The principal sources of revenue of the General Fund are property taxes, sales and use taxes, franchise taxes, licenses and permits, and fines and forfeitures. Expenditures are for general government, public safety, public works and other community services.

The *Debt Service Fund* is used to account for the payment of interest and principal on all general long-term debt of the City except for capital leases which are accounted for in the General Fund. The primary source of revenue for the Debt Service Fund is general property taxes.

The *Capital Projects Fund* is used to account for the proceeds of general obligation debt and the corresponding expenditures primarily consisting of construction projects.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

### **Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

### The City has one major proprietary fund.

The *Utility Enterprise Fund* is used to account for operations of the water and wastewater division and the construction of related facilities. The fund is financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the City is that the cost (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The acquisition, maintenance and improvement of the physical plant facilities required to provide these goods and services are financed from existing cash resources, the issuance of bonds (revenue or general obligation) and other City funds.

Private-sector standards for accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Government Accounting Standards Board. The City has elected not to follow private sector guidance issued subsequent to that date.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operational expenses for the enterprise funds and internal service fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

GASB Statement No. 34 established standards for external financial reporting for all state and local governmental entities, which includes a Statement of Net Assets and a Statement of Activities. It requires the reclassification of net assets into three components – invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted; and unrestricted. These classifications are as follows:

- Invested in capital assets, net of related debt This component of net assets consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings.
- Restricted This component of net assets consists of constraints placed on net asset use through external constraints imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through contractual provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net assets This component of net assets consists of net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

### **Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

### D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and balances in a privately managed public funds investment pool ("TexPool"). For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, the Proprietary Fund Types consider temporary investments with maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

#### E. Receivables

All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible. Estimated unbilled revenues from the Utility fund have not been recognized as of the end of the year as they are considered immaterial.

#### F. Due to and from Other Funds

Interfund receivables and payables arise from interfund transactions and are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed. These receivables and payables are, for the most part, eliminated from the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets and are recorded as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" in the fund financial statements.

### G. Inventory and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at costs using the first in/first out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund type inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

### H. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. The government defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or greater and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. All purchased Capital assets are valued at cost where historical records exist. Donated Capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date received.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements, including public domain and equipment are capitalized and Proprietary Fund Capital assets are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related Capital assets using the straight line method, as applicable.

	Estimated
Asset Description	Useful Life
Buildings	50 years
Building improvements	20 years
Infrastructure	30-50 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
Machinery and equipment	10-15 years
Water and sewer systems	40-50 years

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

### **Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

### I. Compensated Employee Absences

Employees earn vacation based on years of service with the City. Amounts accumulated may be paid to employees upon termination of employment or during employment. However, at least five consecutive days of earned vacation must be taken each year. Sick leave and long-term disability are not accrued but recognized when paid, since no liability exists upon termination of employment.

The estimated amount of compensation for services provided that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it when it matures or becomes due. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are maintained separately and represent a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide presentations.

### J. General Property Taxes

All taxes due the City on real or personal property are payable at the Office of the City Assessor-Collector and may be paid at any time after the tax rolls for the year have been completed and approved, which is October 1, or as soon thereafter as practicable. Taxes are due upon receipt and all taxes not paid prior to February 1 are deemed delinquent and are subject to such penalty and interest set forth by the Property Tax Code. All property located within the City limits on the first day of January of each year are charged with a special lien in favor of the City from such date for taxes due thereon.

### K. Debt Service

The ad valorem tax rate is allocated each year between the General Fund and the Debt Service Fund. The full amount estimated to be required for debt service on the general obligation debt is provided by the debt service tax together with interest earned in the Debt Service Fund.

#### L. Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of bonds, as well as other resources set aside for specific purposes are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants or contractual agreements.

### M. Bond Discounts/Issuance Costs

In governmental fund types, bond discounts and issuance costs are recognized in the current period and are deferred and amortized in the Government-wide Statement of Activities. Bond discounts and issuance costs for proprietary fund types are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the bonds-outstanding method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bond discounts and issuance costs are recorded as deferred charges.

### N. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, the City reserves or designates all or portions of fund equity in the various governmental fund financial statements. The unreserved fund balances for governmental funds represent the amount available for budgeting future operations. The reserved fund balances for governmental funds represent the amount that has been legally identified for specific purposes.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

### **Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

### O. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

In the fund financial statements revenues for governmental funds are recorded when they are determined to be both measurable and available. Generally, tax revenues, fees and non-tax revenues are recognized when received. Grants from other governments are recognized when qualifying expenditures are incurred. Expenditures for governmental funds are recorded when the related liability is incurred.

Revenues and expenses in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities are recognized in essentially the same manner as used in commercial accounting.

### P. Post-employment Healthcare Benefits

The City does not provide post-employment healthcare benefits except those mandated by the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA). The requirements established by COBRA are fully funded by employees who elect coverage under the Act, and the City incurs no direct costs.

### Q. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements. Actual amounts could vary from those estimates.

### **Note 2 - Deposits (Cash) and Investments**

### **Authorization for Deposits and Investments**

The Texas Public Funds Investment Act (PFIA), as prescribed in Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code, regulates deposits and investment transactions of the City.

In accordance with applicable statutes, the City has a depository contract with an area bank (depository) providing for interest rates to be earned on deposited funds and for banking charges the City incurs for banking services received. The City may place funds with the depository in interest and non-interest bearing accounts. State law provides that collateral pledged as security for bank deposits must have a market value of not less than the amount of the deposits and must consist of: (1) obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities; (2) direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies; (3) other obligations, the principal and interest on which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the State of Texas; and/or (4) obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm and having received a rating of not less than A or its equivalent. City policy requires the collateralization level to be at least 102% of market value of principal and accrued interest.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

### **Note 2 - Deposits (Cash) and Investments (continued)**

### **Authorization for Deposits and Investments (continued)**

The Council has adopted a written investment policy regarding the investment of City funds as required by the Public Funds Investment Act (Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code). The investments of the City are in compliance with the City's investment policy. The City's investment policy is more restrictive than the PFIA requires. It is the City's policy to restrict its direct investments to obligations of the U.S. Government or U.S. Government Agencies, fully collateralized certificates of deposit, bankers' acceptances, mutual funds, repurchase agreements and local government investment pools. The maximum maturity allowed is two years from date of purchase. The City's investment policy does not allow investments in commercial paper, collateralized mortgage obligations, floating rate investments or swaps.

### **Deposit and Investment Amounts**

The City's cash and investments are classified as: cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash and investments. The cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, fully collateralized deposits with financial institutions and in a privately-managed public funds investment pool account (TexPool). The restricted cash and investments are assets restricted for specific use.

The following schedule shows the City's recorded cash and investments at year-end:

		Total Fair Value						
	- I	Primary	Co	omponent				
	Gov	vernment	Unit					
Cash deposits	\$	362,351	\$	17,320				
Temporary Investments:								
External Investment Pool		13,538,740		2,248,894				
	\$	13,901,091	\$	2,266,214				

#### **Investment Risks**

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

At year-end, the City's investments (TexPool) had a weighted average maturity of 45 days.

The City measures interest rate risk using the weighted average maturity method for the portfolio. The City's investment policy specifies a maximum weighted average maturity of 365 days or 12 months based on the stated maturity date for each investment in the portfolio.

To the extent possible, the City attempts to match investments with anticipated cash flow requirements. The City does not directly invest in securities with a stated maturity date more than two years or 730 days from date of purchase. The settlement date is considered the date of purchase.

### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

The City had investments in authorized investment pools comprised 100 percent of the total investment portfolio at year-end. The City investment policy allows these investment levels for the portfolio.

At year-end balances in TexPool, a privately managed public funds investment pool, were rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

### **Note 2 - Deposits (Cash) and Investments**

#### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

The City had investments in authorized investment pools comprised 100 percent of the total investment portfolio at year-end. The City investment policy allows these investment levels for the portfolio.

At year-end balances in TexPool, a privately managed public funds investment pool, were rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

#### **Credit Risk**

The primary objective of the City's adopted Investment Policy is the safety of principal. Credit risk within the City's portfolio among authorized investments approved by the City's adopted Investment Policy is represented in U.S. Treasury Bills, Notes or Bonds, and other securities which are guaranteed as to principal and interest by the full faith and credit of the United States of America, collateralized or fully insured certificates of deposits, FDIC insured banks in the State of Texas, repurchase agreements if secured by U.S. Treasury Bills, Notes or Bonds and Public Funds Investment Pools.

#### **Restricted Assets**

The Enterprise Funds have restricted certain cash and investments for customer deposits, and construction.

#### **Local Government Investment Pools**

As of September 30, 2010, the District's investments included TexPool Investment Pool. The investment pool investments are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form and, accordingly, do not have custodial risk.

TexPool policies require that local government deposits be used to purchase investments authorized by the

Public Funds Investment Act of 1987, as amended. The Texas State Comptroller of Public Accounts has oversight responsibility for TexPool.

The value of District portions in TexPool are the same as the value of the Shares. These external pooled funds operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

The external pooled funds use amortized cost rather than market value to report net assets to compute share price, such funds have daily liquidity. Although TexPool have weighted average maturities greater than one, the District considers the holdings in these funds to have a one day weighted average maturity.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

### **Note 3 - Receivables**

Amounts recorded as receivables as of September 30, 2010 for the government's individual major and non-major funds, including the applicable allowance for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	General Fund		Γ	Debt Service Fund		Other Non Major Funds		Enterprise Fund		omponent Unit
Receivables				,						
Property taxes,										
including penalties										
and interest	\$	359,737	\$	142,010	\$		\$		\$	
Sales and other taxes Interest		907,645								154,994
Accounts		507		822		178,688		732,544		
Allowance for										
uncollectibles		(122,825)		(52,039)				(10,189)		
	\$	1,145,064	\$	90,793	\$	178,688	\$	722,355	\$	154,994

Property taxes are levied by October 1 in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. The Harris County Central Appraisal District ("HCCAD") establishes appraised values. Taxes are levied by the City Council based on the appraised values and operating needs of the City.

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Un	available	Une arne d
Delinquent property taxes receivable - general fund	\$	236,913	\$
Delinquent property taxes receivable - debt service fund		89,971	
Grants and revenues prior to meeting all eligibility requirements			2,643
Total Deferred Revenue for Governmental Funds	\$	326,884	2,643

CITY OF SEABROOK, TEXAS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

## **Note 4 - Capital Assets**

A summary of activity for capital assets capitalized by the City for the year ended September 30, 2010 follows:

	Balance September 30, 2009	In	creases	Reclassification/ (Decreases)	Balance otember 30, 2010
Governmental Activities:					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 11,112,870	\$	97,443		\$ 11,210,313
Construction in progress	47,997		635,396	(32,317)	 651,076
Total capital assets not being depreciate	11,160,867		732,839	(32,317)	 11,861,389
Other capital assets:					
Infrastructure	13,280,112		74,740	(59,542)	13,295,310
Buildings and improvements	9,156,072		76,963		9,233,035
Machinery and equipment	5,293,544		670,135	(221,579)	5,742,100
Total other capital assets	27,729,728		821,838	(281,121)	28,270,445
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Infrastructure	(8,064,586)		(270,428)	23,816	(8,311,198)
Buildings and improvements	(2,853,430)		(244,526)		(3,097,956)
Machinery and equipment	(2,518,291)		(435,938)	101,582	(2,852,647)
Total accumulated depreciation	(13,436,307)		(950,892)	125,398	(14,261,801)
Other capital assets, net	14,293,421		(129,054)	(155,723)	14,008,644
Totals	25,454,288		603,785	(188,040)	25,870,033

	Balance September 30, 2009	Increases	Reclassification/ (Decreases)	Balance September 30, 2010
<b>Business-type Activities:</b>				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 95,750	\$	\$	\$ 95,750
Construction in progress	953,486	275	(100,441)	853,320
Total capital assets not being depreciate	1,049,236	275	(100,441)	949,070
Other capital assets:				
Water and sewer system	13,289,301	794,290		14,083,591
Buildings and improvements	3,119,466			3,119,466
Machinery and equipment	1,682,012	26,012		1,708,024
Total other capital assets	18,090,779	820,302		18,911,081
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Water and sewer system	(4,291,731)	(294,481)		(4,586,212)
Buildings and improvements	(1,370,441)	(72,255)		(1,442,696)
Machinery and equipment	(1,157,487)	(104,150)		(1,261,637)
Total accumulated depreciation	(6,819,659)	(470,886)		(7,290,545)
Other capital assets, net	11,271,120	349,416		11,620,536
Totals	\$ 12,320,356	\$ 349,691	\$ (100,441)	\$ 12,569,606

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Depreciation was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

General government	\$	222,093
Public safety		391,177
Public works		337,622
<b>Total Governmental Activity</b>	\$	950,892
Water and sewer	_\$	470,886
<b>Total Business-Type Activity</b>	\$	470,886

Construction contract commitments outstanding as of September 30, 2010 are as follows:

		Total In	Re	emaining
Project Name	I	Progress	Con	nmitment
Building Improvements	\$	501,334	\$	79,953
Caruther's Park project		81,050		119,131
Lakeside Repsdorph Circle		35,014		
Waterfront projects		33,678		
Repsdorph Sewer project		853,320		
Totals	\$	1,504,396	\$	199,084

Construction in progress for Lakeside Repsdorph Circle and the waterfront projects at September 30, 2010 are made up of engineering fees for the projects which are planned to begin in fiscal year 2011. The Repsdorph Sewer project balance in construction in progress is for the amount paid to Harris County. Harris County will begin the project in fiscal year 2011 and are expected to be completed in 15-18 months. The amount will be reported in the water and sewer system assets upon completion of the project. The City has no remaining commitment on the project.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

### **Note 5 - Long-Term Debt**

The City issues a variety of long-term debt instruments in order to acquire and/or construct major capital facilities and equipment for governmental and business type activities. These instruments include general obligation bonds, certificates of obligation and revenue bonds. Future ad valorem tax revenues, water and sewer system revenues or liens on property and equipment secure these debt obligations.

The following is a summary of the terms of obligations, general obligation bonds, certificates of obligations and revenue bonds outstanding as of September 30, 2010:

Series	Or	iginal Issue	Matures	Interest Rate (%)	Oı	Debt Outstanding		
Governmental Activities								
General Obligation Bonds								
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2003	\$	4,500,000	2025	4.40	\$	4,135,000		
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2003R		1,605,000	2025	3.40		770,000		
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2005		5,175,000	2025	2.50-4.00		5,175,000		
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2005R		1,481,250	2012	3.55-4.30		465,625		
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2008		6,835,000	2027	4.00-4.15		6,770,000		
Total General Obligation Bonds					\$	17,315,625		
Certificates of Obligation								
Certificates of Obligation, Series 2010		900,000	2027	3.642	\$	900,000		
<b>Total General Obligation Bonds</b>					\$	900,000		
Business-Type Activities								
General Obligation Bonds								
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2005		888,750	2012	3.55-4.30		279,375		
Total General Obligation Bonds					\$	279,375		
Revenue Bonds								
Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2003R	\$	2,195,000	2025	4.45	\$	1,730,000		
Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2005R		2,275,000	2027	2.50-3.00		1,845,000		
Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2008		1,612,000	2027	4.12		1,599,000		
<b>Total Revenue Bonds</b>					\$	5,174,000		
		Original		Interest		Debt		
Component Unit		Issue	Matures	<b>Rate</b> (%)	Οι	ıtstanding		
Seabrook Economic Development Corporation								
Revenue Bonds, Series 2005	\$	1,490,000	2013	3.58	\$	540,000		
Total Component Unit Long-Term Debt					\$	540,000		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

### **Note 5 - Long-Term Debt (continued)**

During the year ended September 30, 2010, the following changes occurred in long-term liabilities:

	Se	Balance eptember 30, 2009	A	dditions	(Re	eductions)	Sej	Balance ptember 30, 2010	Du	amounts e Within ne Year
Governmental Activities:										
Bonds and notes payable:										
General obligation bonds	\$	17,872,500	\$		\$	(556,875)	\$	17,315,625	\$	588,125
Certificates of obligation				900,000				900,000		
Premium/Discount on bond issuance		119,943		4,794				124,737		
Total bonds payable		17,992,443		904,794		(556,875)		18,340,362		588,125
Compensated absences		402,070		8,814				410,884		187,197
<b>Total Governmental Activities</b>	\$	18,394,513	\$	913,608	\$	(556,875)	\$	18,751,246	\$	775,322
	Balance September 30, 2009		Additions		(Reductions)		Balance September 30, 2010		Amounts Due Within One Year	
<b>Business-type Activities:</b>										
Bonds payable:										
General obligation bonds	\$	412,500	\$		\$	(133,125)	\$	279,375	\$	136,875
Revenue bonds		5,357,000				(183,000)		5,174,000		196,000
Premium on bond issuance		41,764				(1,137)		40,627		
		5,811,264				(317,262)		5,494,002		332,875
Other liabilities:										
Compensated absences		139,092		31,697				170,789		41,366
<b>Total Business-type Activities</b>	\$	5,950,356	\$	31,697	\$	(317,262)	\$	5,664,791	\$	374,241
	Balance September 30, 2009		Additions		(Reductions)		Balance September 30, 2010		Amounts Due Within One Year	
Seabrook Economic Development										
Corporation:	Φ.	<b>515.00</b> 0	ф		ф	(155.000)	ф	540.000		177.000
Revenue bonds	\$	715,000	\$		\$	(175,000)	\$	540,000		175,000
Discount on bond issuance Total Seabrook Economic		(10,227)				2,045		(8,182)		
Development Corporation	\$	704,773	\$		\$	(172,955)	\$	531,818	\$	175,000

Long-term liabilities applicable to the City's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities in the governmental funds. Compensated absences generally are paid by the General Fund for the governmental activities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due.

### **General Obligation Bonds and Certificates of Obligations**

The City issues general obligation bonds and certificates of obligations to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital assets. General obligation bonds have been issued for both governmental and business-type activities. Certificates of obligation have been issued for the governmental activities only. General obligation bonds and certificates of obligations are direct obligations of the City for which its full faith and credit are pledged. Repayment of general obligation bonds and certificates of obligations are from taxes levied on all taxable property located within the City. The City is not obligated in any manner for special assessment debt.

CITY OF SEABROOK, TEXAS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

**Note 5 - Long-Term Debt (continued)** 

Annual debt service requirements to retire outstanding general obligation bonds are as follows:

	General Obligation Bonds						Ce	rtificates of	Obl	ligation			
	-	Governmer	ıtal A	Activities		Business-Ty	pe A	ctivities	Go	overnmenta	l Ac	tivities	
Fiscal Year	F	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	
2011	\$	588,125	\$	731,388	\$	136,875	\$	11,175	\$		\$	31,594	
2012		617,500		708,692		142,500		5,700		35,000		67,778	
2013		790,000		684,812						35,000		66,503	
2014		820,000		653,582						40,000		70,229	
2015		855,000		620,662						40,000		68,772	
2016		890,000		582,304						45,000		72,315	
2017		930,000		541,877						50,000		75,676	
2018		970,000		499,140						55,000		78,855	
2019		1,010,000		454,005						60,000		81,852	
2020		1,055,000		410,930						60,000		79,667	
2021		1,100,000		367,490						65,000		82,482	
2022		1,145,000		321,736						70,000		85,114	
2023		1,195,000		273,988						70,000		82,565	
2024		1,250,000		223,788						70,000		80,016	
2025		1,305,000		170,847						70,000		77,466	
2026		1,365,000		115,310						70,000		74,917	
2027		1,430,000		59,346						65,000		67,367	
	\$	17,315,625	\$	7,419,897	\$	279,375	\$	16,875	\$	900,000	\$1	,243,168	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

### **Note 5 - Long-Term Debt (continued)**

2019

2020

2021

2022

2023

2024

2025

2026

2027

#### **Revenue Bonds**

The City also issues bonds in which it pledges income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service.

Annual debt service requirements to retire outstanding revenue bonds are as follows:

300,000

313,000

326,000

340,000

355,000

369,000

385,000

402,000

419,000

5,174,000

Water & Sewer Revenue Bonds

	В	usiness-Ty	pe A	Activities		Seabroo	k ED	OC	
Fiscal Year	Principal		I	nterest	P	rincipal	Interest		
2011	\$	196,000	\$	217,819	\$	175,000	\$	19,332	
2012		205,000		209,572		180,000		13,067	
2013		235,000		200,965		185,000		6,623	
2014		245,000		191,106					
2015		255,000		180,824					
2016		265,000		170,534					
2017		276,000		159,512					
2018		288,000		148,030					

136,049

123,335

110,054

96,220

81,655

66,447

50,487

33,825

17,262

\$

540,000

\$

39,022

2,193,696

**Sales Tax Revenue Bonds** 

On January 22, 2008, the City issued its third and final phase of a bond program that was approved by voters in 2002. \$4.3 million in general obligation bonds and \$1.6 million in Water and Sewer bonds were sold. A portion of the funds was the city's contribution toward the improvement of Repsdorph Road. The remainder will be used to rebuild Evelyn Meador Library and to purchase fire trucks and equipment.

In November 2008, an election was held asking voters for the approval to issue an additional \$2.5 million in GO bonds to purchase an 8.5 acre strip of land to expand Pine Gully Park. The existing park is comprised of 52 acres of nature trails, picnic area and playground as well as a 900 foot fishing pier out into Galveston Bay. The proposed addition which will give the park an additional 165 feet of water frontage includes tennis courts and a Spanish style home which could possibly be used as a public venue for weddings, conferences or exhibitions.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### **Note 6 - Interfund Activities**

Transfers between the primary government funds during the year were as follows:

Transfers Out	Transfers In	 Amounts	Purpose
Enterprise Fund	General Fund	\$ 1,325,553	Transfer funds for administrative costs Transfer funds for street
Enterprise Fund	General Fund	 121,828	maintenance
		\$ 1,447,381	

Interfund receivables at year end were as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amounts		Purpose
_				Bond interest due to debt
General Fund	Enterpise Fund	\$	6,696	service fund
		\$	6,696	

## Note 7 - Equity

### **Reservation and Designation of Fund Balance**

The City records fund balance reserves on the fund level to indicate that a portion of the fund balance is legally restricted for a specific future use or to indicate that a portion of the fund balance is not available for expenditures. Such reservations or designations are reflected on the face of the basic financial statements.

### Note 8 - Employee Retirement System

### **Plan Description**

The City provides pension benefits for all of its full-time employees through a non-traditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit plan in the state-wide Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS), one of 811 currently administered by TMRS, an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system.

Benefits depend upon the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest, and the City-financed monetary credits, with interest. At the date the plan began, the City granted monetary credits for service rendered before the plan began of a theoretical amount at least equal to two times what would have been contributed by the employee, with interest, prior to establishment of the plan. Monetary credits for service since the plan began are a percent (100%, 150%, or 200%) of the employee's accumulated contributions. In addition, the City can grant, as often as annually, another type of monetary credit referred to as an updated service credit. This updated service credit is a theoretical amount. The updated service credit, when added to the employee's accumulated contributions and the monetary credits for service since the plan began, would be the total monetary credits and employee contributions accumulated, with interest (if the current employee contribution rate and the City matching percent had always been in existence and if the employee's salary had always been the average of his salary in the last three years that are one year before the effective date). At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions with interest and the employer-financed monetary credits with interest were used to purchase an annuity.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

### **Note 8 - Employee Retirement System (continued)**

Members can retire at ages 60 and above with 5 or more years of service or with 20 years of service regardless of age. A member is vested after 5 years. The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS and within the actuarial constraints also in the statutes.

#### **Contributions**

Under the state law governing TMRS, the Actuary annually determines the City's contribution rate. This rate consists of the normal cost contribution rate and the prior service contribution rate, both of which are calculated to be a level percent of payroll from year to year. The normal cost contribution rate finances the currently accruing monetary credits due to City matching percent, which are the obligation of the City as of an employee's retirement date, not at the time the employee's contributions are made. The normal cost contribution rate is the actuarially determined percent of payroll necessary to satisfy the obligation of the City to each employee at the time his retirement becomes effective. The prior service contribution rate amortizes the unfunded (overfunded) actuarial liability (asset) over the remainder of the plan's 25-year amortization period. The unit credit actuarial cost method is used for determining the City contribution rate. Both the employees and the City make contributions monthly. Since the City needs to know its contribution rate in advance to budget for it, there is a one-year delay between the actuarial valuation that is the basis for the rate and the calendar year when the rate goes into effect.

The City's total payroll in fiscal year 2010 was \$5.1 million and the City's contributions were based on a payroll of \$5.1 million. Contributions made by employees totaled approximately \$358,816, and the City made contributions of approximately \$1,069,103 during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010.

Three year trend information is presented below:

Annual										
Fiscal		Pension	Percentage							
Year		Cost	Contributed							
2010	\$	1,069,103	100%							
2009		768,961	100%							
2008		730,021	100%							

Note: Annual covered payroll and annual required contributions are presented on a calendar year basis

Because the actuary determines contribution rates on an annual basis and the City pays the calculated rate each month, the City will always have a net pension obligation (NPO) of zero at the beginning and end of the period, and the annually required contributions (ARC) will always equal contributions made.

A schedule of funding progress for TMRS for the most recent actuarial valuation follows:

				Uniunaea		
				Actuarial		(UAAL) as a
		Actuarial		Accrued	Annual	Percentage of
<b>Actuarial Valuation</b>	<b>Actuarial Value</b>	Accrued	Percentage	Liability	Covered	Covered
Date December 31,	of Assets	Liabilities	Funded	(UAAL)	Payroll	Payroll
2009	\$ 12,164,651	\$ 19,278,265	63%	\$ 7,113,614	\$ 5,537,104	128%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

### **Note 8 - Employee Retirement System (continued)**

All assumptions for the December 31, 2008 valuations are contained in the 2008 TMRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, a copy of which may be obtained by writing to P.O. Box 149153, Austin, Texas 78714-9153. The following is a summary of the actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Projected Unit Credit
Amortization Method	Level Percent of Payroll
Remaining Amortization Period	28 Years - Closed Period
Asset Valuation Method	10-year Smoothed Market
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Investment Rate of Return	7.5%
Projected Salary Increases	Varies by age and service
Includes Inflation At	3.0%
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	2.1%

### **Note 9 - Risk Management**

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts: theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the City participates along with 2,596 other entities in the Texas Municipal League's Intergovernmental Risk Pools. The Pool purchases commercial insurance at group rates for participants in the Pool. The City has no additional risk or responsibility to the Pool, outside of the payment of insurance premiums. The City has not significantly reduced insurance coverage or had settlements that exceeded coverage amounts for the past three years.

The City also provides Workers' Compensation insurance on its employees through TML-Workers' Compensation Fund. Workers' Compensation premiums are subject to change when audited by TML-Workers' Compensation Fund. At year-end September 30, 2010, the City believed the amounts paid on Workers' Compensation would not change significantly from the amounts recorded.

### **Note 10 - Contingencies**

The City is a defendant in lawsuits. Although the outcome of the lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of the City's management that resolution of these matters will not have a materially adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

The Tax Reform Act of 1986 instituted certain arbitrage restrictions consisting of complex regulations with respect to issuance of tax-exempt bonds after August 31, 1986. Arbitrage regulations deal with the investment of tax-exempt bond proceeds at an interest yield greater than the interest yield paid to bondholders. Generally, all interest paid to bondholders can be retroactively rendered taxable if applicable rebates are not reported and paid to the Internal Revenue Service at least every five years for applicable bond issues. Accordingly, there is the risk that if such calculations are not performed or not performed correctly could result in a substantial liability to the City. Although the City does not anticipate that it will have any arbitrage liability it periodically engages an arbitrage consultant to perform the calculations in accordance with the IRS's rules and regulations.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported. Claim liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends, including frequency and amount of payouts, and other economic and social factors. No claim liabilities are reported at year end.

**Required Supplementary Information** 

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GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the year ended September 30, 2010

With Comparative Totals for the Yeat Ended September 30, 2009

Part		2010									
Property taxes		0		l Amou				Final Budget - Positive			
Property taxes	Doronnog	Ori	gınaı		Final		Actual	(1)	egauve)		Actual
Sales and use taxes         1,685,000         1,522,000         1,511,373         (10,627)         1,627,004           Franchise fees         710,000         710,000         711,057         1,637         683,669           Licenses and permits         300,000         225,000         224,612         (388)         377,942           Fees and forfeitures         420,300         455,300         456,594         1,294         442,499           Charges for services         47,407         47,407         75,016         27,609         55,482           Investment earnings         23,573         23,573         5,652         (17,921)         13,426           Intergovernmental         89,655         623,655         661,569         27,914         3,235,885           Other         377,492         442,492         432,715         (9,777)         408,818           Corporations           Expenditures           Current:           Ceneral government           Legislative         306,550         312,150         308,467         3,683         249,153           Administrative         819,679         819,679         800,354         19,325         80,144      <		\$ 3	858 381	\$	3 701 381	\$	3 780 787	\$	(10.594)	\$	3 696 207
Franchise fees				Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	. , ,	Ψ	
Licenses and permits         300,000         225,000         224,612         (388)         377,942           Fees and forfeitures         420,300         455,300         456,594         1,294         442,499           Charges for services         47,407         47,407         75,016         27,609         55,482           Investment earnings         23,573         23,573         5,652         (17,921)         13,426           Intergovernmental         89,655         23,635         651,569         27,914         3,235,885           Other         377,492         442,492         432,715         (9,777)         408,810           Total Revenues         7,511,808         7,840,808         7,849,375         8,567         10,540,924           Expenditures           Current:           Capa,433           A 3,435									,		
Fees and forfeitures         420,300         455,300         456,594         1,294         442,499           Charges for services         47,407         74,407         75,016         27,609         55,482           Investment earnings         23,573         23,573         5,652         (17,921)         13,426           Intergovernmental         89,655         623,655         615,699         27,914         3,235,885           Other         377,492         442,492         432,715         8,567         10,540,924           Expenditures           Current:           Ceneral government           Legislative         306,550         312,150         308,467         3,683         249,153           Administrative         819,679         819,679         800,354         19,325         801,410           Information Technology         129,333         131,333         129,988         1,345         116,645           Nondepartmental         1,621,230         2,351,230         2,345,052         6,178         1,766,113           Community development         504,935         522,435         512,617         9,818         467,673           Public safety         3,020,754         3,012,1									*		*
Charges for services         47,407         47,407         75,016         27,609         55,482           Investment earnings         23,573         23,573         5,652         (17,921)         13,235,885           Other         377,492         242,492         432,715         (9,777)         408,810           Total Revenues         7,511,808         7,840,808         7,849,375         8,567         10,540,924           Expenditures         8         7,511,808         7,840,808         7,849,375         8,567         10,540,924           Current:         Current:         8         7,511,808         7,840,808         7,849,375         8,567         10,540,924           Expenditures         Current:         Current:         8         7,511,808         7,840,808         7,849,375         8,567         10,540,924           Expenditures         Current:         A,840,375         3,683         249,153         249,153         240,153         240,153         240,153         240,153         240,153         240,153         <	_								, ,		
Investment earnings   23,573   23,573   5,652   (17,921)   31,3426   Intergovernmental   89,655   623,655   651,669   27,914   3,235,885   7,840,808   7,840,375   8,567   10,540,924   8,667   10,540,924   8,667   10,540,924   8,667   10,540,924   8,667   10,540,924   8,667   10,540,924   8,667   10,540,924   8,667   10,540,924   8,667   10,540,924   8,667   10,540,924   8,667   10,540,924   8,667   10,540,924   8,667   10,540,924   8,667   10,540,924   8,667   10,540,924   8,667   10,540,924   8,667   10,540,924   8,667   10,540,924   8,667   10,540,924   8,667   10,540,924   10,54											
None	=										
Other         377,492         442,492         432,715         (9,777)         408,810           Total Revenues         7,511,808         7,840,808         7,849,375         8,567         10,540,924           Expenditures         Use and the standard of the sta	_										
Part			377,492								
Current:           General government         Ceneral government         306,550         312,150         308,467         3,683         249,153           Legislative         819,679         819,679         800,354         19,325         801,410           Information Technology         129,333         131,333         129,988         1,345         116,345           Nondepartmental         1,621,230         2,351,230         2,345,052         6,178         1,766,113           Community development         504,935         522,435         512,617         9,818         467,673           Public safety         3,020,754         3,012,154         2,901,404         110,750         2,788,222           Emergency management         104,535         104,535         88,956         15,579         31,863           Animal control         110,560         110,560         99,064         11,496         91,866           Department of trasportation CVE         218,652         218,652         213,795         4,857         200,777           Municipal court         253,205         253,205         243,710         9,495         241,948           Public works         829,311         829,311         821,669         7,642         790,0	<b>Total Revenues</b>	7			7,840,808						10,540,924
General government         Legislative         306,550         312,150         308,467         3,683         249,153           Administrative         819,679         819,679         800,354         19,325         801,410           Information Technology         129,333         131,333         129,988         1,345         116,345           Nondepartmental         1,621,230         2,351,230         2,345,052         6,178         1,766,113           Community development         504,935         522,435         512,617         9,818         467,673           Public safety         3,020,754         3,012,154         2,901,404         110,750         2,788,222           Emergency management         104,535         104,535         88,956         15,579         31,863           Animal control         110,560         110,560         99,064         11,496         91,866           Department of trasportation CVE         218,652         218,652         213,795         4,857         200,777           Municipal court         253,205         253,205         243,710         9,495         241,948           Public works         829,311         829,311         821,669         7,642         790,015           Public works	_										
Legislative         306,550         312,150         308,467         3,683         249,153           Administrative         819,679         819,679         800,3554         19,325         801,410           Information Technology         129,333         131,333         129,988         1,345         116,345           Nondepartmental         1,621,230         2,351,230         2,345,052         6,178         1,766,113           Community development         504,935         522,435         512,617         9,818         467,673           Public safety         3,020,754         3,012,154         2,901,404         110,750         2,788,222           Emergency management         104,535         104,535         88,956         15,579         31,863           Animal control         110,560         110,560         99,064         11,496         91,866           Department of trasportation CVE         218,652         218,652         213,795         4,857         200,777           Municipal court         253,205         253,205         243,710         9,495         241,948           Public works         829,311         829,311         829,311         82,624         86,524         946,444           Hurricane Ike         4											
Administrative         819,679         819,679         800,354         19,325         801,410           Information Technology         129,333         131,333         129,988         1,345         116,345           Nondepartmental         1,621,230         2,351,230         2,345,052         6,178         1,766,113           Community development         504,935         522,435         512,617         9,818         467,673           Public safety         3,020,754         3,012,154         2,901,404         110,750         2,788,222           Emergency management         104,535         104,535         88,956         15,579         31,863           Animal control         110,560         110,560         99,064         11,496         91,866           Department of trasportation CVE         218,652         218,652         213,795         4,857         200,777           Municipal court         253,205         253,205         243,710         9,495         241,948           Public works         829,311         829,311         821,669         7,642         790,015           Public works         1,040,445         982,945         896,421         86,524         946,444           Hurricane Ike         41,000 <td< th=""><th></th><th></th><th>206 550</th><th></th><th>212 150</th><th></th><th>200 467</th><th></th><th>2 (92</th><th></th><th>240 152</th></td<>			206 550		212 150		200 467		2 (92		240 152
Information Technology	_								*		,
Nondepartmental Community development         1,621,230         2,351,230         2,345,052         6,178         1,766,113           Community development         504,935         522,435         512,617         9,818         467,673           Public safety Public safety         3,020,754         3,012,154         2,901,404         110,750         2,788,222           Emergency management         104,535         104,535         88,956         15,579         31,863           Animal control         110,560         110,560         99,064         11,496         91,866           Department of trasportation CVE         218,652         218,652         213,795         4,857         200,777           Municipal court         253,205         253,205         243,710         9,495         241,948           Public works         2         829,311         829,311         821,669         7,642         790,015           Public works         1,040,445         982,945         896,421         86,524         946,444           Hurricane Ike         41,000         40,094         906         3,848,375           Total Expenditures         8,959,189         9,689,189         9,401,591         287,598         12,340,204           Excess (deficiency) o					,						
Community development         504,935         522,435         512,617         9,818         467,673           Public safety         3,020,754         3,012,154         2,901,404         110,750         2,788,222           Emergency management         104,535         104,535         88,956         15,579         31,863           Animal control         110,560         110,560         99,064         11,496         91,866           Department of trasportation CVE         218,652         218,652         213,795         4,857         200,777           Municipal court         253,205         253,205         243,710         9,495         241,948           Public works         829,311         829,311         821,669         7,642         790,015           Public works         1,040,445         982,945         896,421         86,524         946,444           Hurricane Ike         41,000         40,094         906         3,848,375           Total Expenditures         8,959,189         9,689,189         9,401,591         287,598         12,340,204           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures         131,202         131,202         578,304           Transfers in         1,447,381         1,447,381         1,447,381		1									
Public safety         3,020,754         3,012,154         2,901,404         110,750         2,788,222           Emergency management         104,535         104,535         88,956         15,579         31,863           Animal control         110,560         110,560         99,064         11,496         91,866           Department of trasportation CVE         218,652         218,652         213,795         4,887         200,777           Municipal court         253,205         253,205         243,710         9,495         241,948           Public works         829,311         829,311         821,669         7,642         790,015           Parks         829,311         829,311         821,669         7,642         790,015           Public works         982,945         896,421         86,524         946,444           Hurricane Ike         41,000         40,094         906         3,848,375           Total Expenditures         8,959,189         9,689,189         9,401,591         287,598         12,340,204           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures         (1,447,381)         (1,848,381)         (1,552,216)         296,165         (1,799,280)           Other Financing Sources (Uses)	=	1									
Public safety         3,020,754         3,012,154         2,901,404         110,750         2,788,222           Emergency management         104,535         104,535         88,956         15,579         31,863           Animal control         110,560         110,560         99,064         11,496         91,866           Department of trasportation CVE         218,652         218,652         213,795         4,857         200,777           Municipal court         253,205         253,205         243,710         9,495         241,948           Public works         829,311         829,311         821,669         7,642         790,015           Public works         1,040,445         982,945         896,421         86,524         946,444           Hurricane lke         41,000         40,094         906         3,848,375           Total Expenditures         8,959,189         9,689,189         9,401,591         287,598         12,340,204           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures         (1,447,381)         (1,848,381)         (1,552,216)         296,165         (1,799,280)           Other Financing Sources (Uses)           Insurance proceeds         1,447,381         1,447,381         1,447,381         1,447,381			304,933		322,433		312,017		9,010		407,073
Emergency management         104,535         104,535         88,956         15,579         31,863           Animal control         110,560         110,560         99,064         11,496         91,866           Department of trasportation CVE         218,652         218,652         213,795         4,857         200,777           Municipal court         253,205         253,205         243,710         9,495         241,948           Public works         829,311         829,311         821,669         7,642         790,015           Public works         1,040,445         982,945         896,421         86,524         946,444           Hurricane Ike         41,000         40,094         906         3,848,375           Total Expenditures         8,959,189         9,689,189         9,401,591         287,598         12,340,204           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures         (1,447,381)         (1,848,381)         (1,552,216)         296,165         (1,799,280)           Other Financing Sources (Uses)           Insurance proceeds         1,447,381         1,447,381         1,447,381         1,447,381         1,447,381         1,298,154           Total other financing sources           and uses	•	3	020 754		3 012 154		2 901 404		110.750		2 788 222
Animal control 110,560 110,560 99,064 11,496 91,866 Department of trasportation CVE 218,652 218,652 213,795 4,857 200,777 Municipal court 253,205 253,205 243,710 9,495 241,948 Public works Parks 829,311 829,311 821,669 7,642 790,015 Public works 1,040,445 982,945 896,421 86,524 946,444 Hurricane Ike 41,000 40,094 906 3,848,375  Total Expenditures 8,959,189 9,689,189 9,401,591 287,598 12,340,204  Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (1,447,381) (1,848,381) (1,552,216) 296,165 (1,799,280)  Other Financing Sources (Uses) Insurance proceeds 1,447,381 1,447,381 1,447,381 1,447,381 1,202 578,304 Transfers in 1,447,381 1,447,381 1,447,381 1,578,583 131,202 1,876,458  Net change in fund balances (401,000) 26,367 427,367 77,178  Fund balances, beginning of year 2,833,480 2,833,480 2,833,480 2,833,480 2,756,302		5									
Department of trasportation CVE   218,652   218,652   213,795   4,857   200,777											
Municipal court         253,205         253,205         243,710         9,495         241,948           Public works         829,311         829,311         821,669         7,642         790,015           Public works         1,040,445         982,945         896,421         86,524         946,444           Hurricane lke         41,000         40,094         906         3,848,375           Total Expenditures         8,959,189         9,689,189         9,401,591         287,598         12,340,204           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures         (1,447,381)         (1,848,381)         (1,552,216)         296,165         (1,799,280)           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         131,202         131,202         578,304           Transfers in         1,447,381         1,447,381         1,447,381         1,447,381         1,578,583         131,202         1,876,458           Net change in fund balances         (401,000)         26,367         427,367         77,178           Fund balances, beginning of year         2,833,480         2,833,480         2,833,480         2,833,480         2,756,302											
Public works         Parks       829,311       829,311       821,669       7,642       790,015         Public works       1,040,445       982,945       896,421       86,524       946,444         Hurricane Ike       41,000       40,094       906       3,848,375         Total Expenditures       8,959,189       9,689,189       9,401,591       287,598       12,340,204         Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures       (1,447,381)       (1,848,381)       (1,552,216)       296,165       (1,799,280)         Other Financing Sources (Uses)         Insurance proceeds       131,202       131,202       578,304         Transfers in       1,447,381       1,447,381       1,447,381       1,298,154         Total other financing sources         and uses       1,447,381       1,447,381       1,578,583       131,202       1,876,458         Net change in fund balances       (401,000)       26,367       427,367       77,178         Fund balances, beginning of year       2,833,480       2,833,480       2,833,480       2,833,480       2,833,480       2,756,302											
Public works         1,040,445         982,945         896,421         86,524         946,444           Hurricane Ike         41,000         40,094         906         3,848,375           Total Expenditures         8,959,189         9,689,189         9,401,591         287,598         12,340,204           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures         (1,447,381)         (1,848,381)         (1,552,216)         296,165         (1,799,280)           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         Insurance proceeds         131,202         131,202         578,304           Transfers in         1,447,381         1,447,381         1,447,381         1,298,154           Total other financing sources and uses         1,447,381         1,447,381         1,578,583         131,202         1,876,458           Net change in fund balances         (401,000)         26,367         427,367         77,178           Fund balances, beginning of year         2,833,480         2,833,480         2,833,480         2,833,480         2,833,480	•						,,		.,		,
Hurricane Ike         41,000         40,094         906         3,848,375           Total Expenditures         8,959,189         9,689,189         9,401,591         287,598         12,340,204           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures         (1,447,381)         (1,848,381)         (1,552,216)         296,165         (1,799,280)           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         131,202         131,202         578,304           Transfers in         1,447,381         1,447,381         1,447,381         1,298,154           Total other financing sources and uses         1,447,381         1,447,381         1,578,583         131,202         1,876,458           Net change in fund balances         (401,000)         26,367         427,367         77,178           Fund balances, beginning of year         2,833,480         2,833,480         2,833,480         2,833,480         2,756,302	Parks		829,311		829,311		821,669		7,642		790,015
Hurricane Ike         41,000         40,094         906         3,848,375           Total Expenditures         8,959,189         9,689,189         9,401,591         287,598         12,340,204           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures         (1,447,381)         (1,848,381)         (1,552,216)         296,165         (1,799,280)           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         131,202         131,202         578,304           Transfers in         1,447,381         1,447,381         1,447,381         1,298,154           Total other financing sources and uses         1,447,381         1,447,381         1,578,583         131,202         1,876,458           Net change in fund balances         (401,000)         26,367         427,367         77,178           Fund balances, beginning of year         2,833,480         2,833,480         2,833,480         2,833,480         2,756,302	Public works	1							86,524		
Total Expenditures         8,959,189         9,689,189         9,401,591         287,598         12,340,204           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures         (1,447,381)         (1,848,381)         (1,552,216)         296,165         (1,799,280)           Other Financing Sources (Uses)           Insurance proceeds         131,202         131,202         578,304           Transfers in         1,447,381         1,447,381         1,447,381         1,298,154           Total other financing sources and uses         1,447,381         1,447,381         1,578,583         131,202         1,876,458           Net change in fund balances         (401,000)         26,367         427,367         77,178           Fund balances, beginning of year         2,833,480         2,833,480         2,833,480         2,833,480         2,756,302	Hurricane Ike				41,000		40,094				3,848,375
Other Financing Sources (Uses)         131,202         131,202         131,202         578,304           Transfers in         1,447,381         1,447,381         1,447,381         1,298,154           Total other financing sources and uses         1,447,381         1,447,381         1,578,583         131,202         1,876,458           Net change in fund balances         (401,000)         26,367         427,367         77,178           Fund balances, beginning of year         2,833,480         2,833,480         2,833,480         2,833,480         2,756,302	Total Expenditures	8	,959,189		9,689,189		9,401,591		287,598		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)         Insurance proceeds       131,202       131,202       578,304         Transfers in       1,447,381       1,447,381       1,447,381       1,298,154         Total other financing sources and uses       1,447,381       1,447,381       1,578,583       131,202       1,876,458         Net change in fund balances       (401,000)       26,367       427,367       77,178         Fund balances, beginning of year       2,833,480       2,833,480       2,833,480       2,833,480       2,756,302	Excess (deficiency) of revenues									-	
Insurance proceeds         131,202         131,202         578,304           Transfers in         1,447,381         1,447,381         1,447,381         1,298,154           Total other financing sources and uses         1,447,381         1,47,381         1,578,583         131,202         1,876,458           Net change in fund balances         (401,000)         26,367         427,367         77,178           Fund balances, beginning of year         2,833,480         2,833,480         2,833,480         2,833,480         2,756,302	over expenditures	(1	,447,381)		(1,848,381)		(1,552,216)		296,165	_	(1,799,280)
Transfers in         1,447,381         1,447,381         1,447,381         1,298,154           Total other financing sources and uses         1,447,381         1,578,583         131,202         1,876,458           Net change in fund balances         (401,000)         26,367         427,367         77,178           Fund balances, beginning of year         2,833,480         2,833,480         2,833,480         2,833,480         2,756,302	Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Total other financing sources and uses         1,447,381         1,447,381         1,578,583         131,202         1,876,458           Net change in fund balances         (401,000)         26,367         427,367         77,178           Fund balances, beginning of year         2,833,480         2,833,480         2,833,480         2,833,480         2,756,302	Insurance proceeds						131,202		131,202		578,304
and uses         1,447,381         1,447,381         1,578,583         131,202         1,876,458           Net change in fund balances         (401,000)         26,367         427,367         77,178           Fund balances, beginning of year         2,833,480         2,833,480         2,833,480         2,833,480         2,756,302	Transfers in	1	,447,381	_	1,447,381		1,447,381				1,298,154
Net change in fund balances         (401,000)         26,367         427,367         77,178           Fund balances, beginning of year         2,833,480         2,833,480         2,833,480         2,833,480         2,756,302	Total other financing sources										
Fund balances, beginning of year         2,833,480         2,833,480         2,833,480         2,756,302	and uses	1	,447,381		1,447,381		1,578,583		131,202	_	1,876,458
	Net change in fund balances				(401,000)		26,367		427,367		77,178
Fund balances at year end \$ 2,833,480 \$ 2,432,480 \$ 2,859,847 \$ 427,367 \$ 2.833.480	Fund balances, beginning of year	2	,833,480_		2,833,480		2,833,480				2,756,302
	Fund balances at year end	\$ 2	,833,480	\$	2,432,480	\$	2,859,847	\$	427,367	\$	2,833,480

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY BUDGET INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

### **Budgetary Controls and Procedures**

The objective of the City's budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by City Council. The City Manager is required by charter to submit a proposed budget and accompanying message to City Council by August 1. The Council shall review and revise the proposed budget as they deem appropriate prior to circulation for the public hearing. A summary of the proposed budget and notice of the public hearing must be posted in City Hall and be published in the official newspaper at least 2 weeks prior to the hearing. Annual budgets for General, Debt Service, Special Revenue and Enterprise Funds are legally adopted by ordinance and must be done so no later than September 27th. Budgetary control for capital projects funds is achieved through legally binding construction contracts and project length budgets.

The level of budgetary control (the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is the total approved budget for each department. The City manager is authorized to transfer part or all of any unencumbered appropriation balance among programs within a department. All other amendments and/or transfers must be approved by Council.

Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general, special revenue, and debt service funds, using the same basis of accounting as for financial reporting. Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) except the capital projects funds, which adopt project length budgets. The City adopts separate budgets for each of the special revenue funds rather than as a whole. The original budget is adopted by the City Council prior to the beginning of the year. The legal level of control as defined by the charter is the total approved budget for each department. The City Manager may transfer appropriations within a department without seeking the approval of City Council; however, any revisions that alter total expenditures for any department must be approved by City Council. Appropriations lapse at the end of the year, excluding capital project budgets.

REQUIRED PENSION SYSTEM SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION December 31, 2009

# TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM (UNAUDITED) Schedule of Funding Progress

					Unfunded Actuarial		(UAAL) as a
Actuarial Valuation Date December 31,	Ac	etuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liabilities	Percentage Funded	Accrued Liability (UAAL)	Annual Covered Payroll	Percentage of Covered Payroll
2009	\$	12,164,651	\$ 19,278,265	63%	\$ 7,113,614	\$ 5,537,104	128%
2008		10,755,961	18,271,349	59%	7,515,388	5,418,965	139%
2007		9,923,234	15,586,367	64%	5,663,133	4,252,156	133%

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Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules

### **Nonmajor Governmental Funds**

### **Non-major Special Revenue Funds**

Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

### **Hotel and Motel Occupancy Tax Fund**

The Hotel and Motel Occupancy Tax Fund accounts for revenues derived from the City's hotel/motel tax. The expenditures are legally restricted for enhancement and promotion of tourism for the convention and hotel industry within the City and its vicinity.

### **Municipal Court Program Fund**

The Municipal Court Program Fund is used to account for court fines and fees that are legally restricted to be used in child safety, court security, judicial efficiency, and court technology programs.

### **Park Improvement Fund**

The Park Improvement Fund accounts for the collection of Park Improvement Fees restricted to park improvement activities.

#### **Crime Control and Prevention District Fund**

The Crime Control and Prevention District Fund accounts for revenues derived from a special sales tax collected and restricted to maintain and expand police department programs that will deliver a higher quality of service to Seabrook citizens while aiding in the prevention and control of crime.

### **Public Safety Programs Fund**

The Public Safety Programs Fund accounts for expenditures for various public safety projects funded primarily through grants and contributions.

#### **Community Development Block Grant (ARRA)**

The Community Development Block Grant Fund accounts for the revenues and expenditures for various capital projects funded by the grants.

CITY OF SEABROOK, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2010

	Hotel and Motel Occupancy Tax Fund		Municipal Court Programs Fund		Imp	Park provement ses Fund	Crime Control and Prevention District	
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	741,138	\$	68,563	\$	25,922	\$ 2	18,727
Receivables (net of allowance for								
uncollectibles)		68,194					1	09,283
Total Assets	\$	809,332	\$	68,563	\$	25,922	\$ 3	28,010
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities: Accounts payable Total Liabilities	\$	16,280 16,280	\$	41 41	\$	7,544 7,544	\$	11,030 11,030
Fund Balances:								
Reserved for pubic safety				68,522			3	16,980
Reserved for public works						18,378		
Reserved for economic development		793,052						
<b>Total Fund Balances</b>		793,052		68,522		18,378	3	16,980
<b>Total Liabilities and Fund Balances</b>	\$	809,332	\$	68,563	\$	25,922	\$ 3	28,010

Public Safety Programs Funds	CDBG/TDR A GRANT	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds			
Fullus	A GRAITI	Tulius			
\$ 194,458	\$ -	\$ 1,248,808			
	1,211	178,688			
\$ 194,458	\$ 1,211	\$ 1,427,496			
\$ 37,764 37,764	\$ 1,211 1,211	\$ 73,870 73,870			
37,704	1,211	73,670			
156,694		542,196 18,378 793,052			
156,694		1,353,626			
\$ 194,458	\$ 1,211	\$ 1,427,496			

# $COMBINING\ STATEMENT\ OF\ REVENUES,\ EXPENDITURES\ AND\ CHANGES\ IN\ FUND\ BALANCES\\ NONMAJOR\ GOVERNMENTAL\ FUNDS$

For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

	Hotel and Motel Occupancy Tax Fund	Municipal Court Programs Fund	Park Improvement Fees Fund	Crime Control and Prevention District
Revenues				
Sales and use taxes	\$ 271,487	\$	\$	\$ 638,697
Fines and forfeitures		26,441		
Charges for services			10,750	
Investment earnings	1,287	67	31	285
Intergovernmental				
Other	9,445	_		49
Total revenues	282,219	26,508	10,781	639,031
Expenditures				
Current:				
Public safety		30,480		586,647
Economic development projects	219,164		19,434	
Total Expenditures	219,164	30,480	19,434	586,647
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
expenditures	63,055	(3,972)	(8,653)	52,384
Net change in fund balances	63,055	(3,972)	(8,653)	52,384
Fund balances - beginning	729,997	72,494	27,031	264,596
Fund balances - ending	\$ 793,052	\$ 68,522	\$ 18,378	\$ 316,980

blic Safety Programs Funds	CDBG/TDR A GRANT	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$	\$	\$ 910,184
56,327		82,768
		10,750
313		1,983
2,748	1,211	3,959
 42,912		52,406
 102,300	1,211	1,062,050
249,496	1,211	866,623 239,809
249,496	1,211	1,106,432
 (147,196)		(44,382)
(147,196)		(44,382)
303,890		1,398,008
\$ 156,694	\$	\$ 1,353,626

DEBT SERVICE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

		2010		
	Final Budget	Variance Positive / Actual (Negative)		2009
Revenues				
Taxes:				
Property taxes	\$ 1,329,717	\$ 1,303,478	\$ (26,239)	\$ 1,358,334
Investment earnings	37,403	4,187	(33,216)	15,286
<b>Total Revenues</b>	1,367,120	1,307,665	(59,455)	1,373,620
Expenditures				
Debt Service:				
Principal	556,875	556,875		512,500
Interest	754,342	753,618	724	773,796
Total Expenditures	1,311,217	1,310,493	724	1,286,296
Net change in fund balance	55,903	(2,828)	(58,731)	87,324
Fund balances, beginning of year	1,691,939	1,691,939		1,604,615
Fund balances at year end	\$ 1,747,842	\$ 1,689,111	\$ (58,731)	\$ 1,691,939

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - HOTEL AND MOTEL OCCUPANCY TAX FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

				2010			
	Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive / (Negative)		 2009
Revenues							
Hotels occupancy tax	\$	324,159	\$	271,487	\$	(52,672)	\$ 324,072
Investment earnings		7,445		1,287		(6,158)	5,205
Other				9,445		9,445	
<b>Total Revenues</b>		331,604		282,219		(49,385)	329,277
Expenditures Current:							
Economic development projects		281,605		219,164		62,441	 308,979
<b>Total Expenditures</b>		281,605		219,164		62,441	 308,979
Net change in fund balance		49,999		63,055		13,056	20,298
Fund balances, beginning of year		729,997		729,997			709,699
Fund balances at year end	\$	779,996	\$	793,052	\$	13,056	\$ 729,997

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - MUNICIPAL COURT PROGRAMS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

				2010				
	Variance		ariance					
					Po	sitive /		
	Final Budget		Actual		(Negative)		2009	
Revenues								
Fines and forfeitures	\$	30,000	\$	26,441	\$	(3,559)	\$	34,333
Investment earnings		489		67		(422)		263
Intergovernmental								
<b>Total Revenues</b>		30,489		26,508		(3,981)		34,596
Expenditures								
Current:								
Public safety		92,000		30,480		61,520		22,160
Total Expenditures		92,000		30,480		61,520		22,160
Net change in fund balance		(61,511)		(3,972)		57,539		12,436
Fund balances, beginning of year		72,494		72,494				60,058
Fund balances at year end	\$	10,983	\$	68,522	\$	57,539	\$	72,494

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - PARK IMPROVEMENT FEES FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

	2010								
	Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive / (Negative)		2009		
	rmai Buuget		Actual		(regative)			2007	
Revenues									
Charges for services	\$	3,500	\$	10,750	\$	7,250	\$	6,750	
Investment earnings				31		31		98	
<b>Total Revenues</b>		3,500		10,781		7,281		6,848	
Expenditures Current:									
Economic development projects		20,300		19,434		866			
Total Expenditures		20,300		19,434		866			
Net change in fund balance		(16,800)		(8,653)		8,147		6,848	
Fund balances, beginning of year		27,031		27,031				20,183	
Fund balances at year end	\$	10,231	\$	18,378	\$	8,147	\$	27,031	

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - CRIME CONTROL AND PREVENTION DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

	2010						
	Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive / (Negative)		2009
Revenues							
Sales taxes	\$	670,000	\$	638,697	\$	(31,303)	\$ 677,225
Investment earnings		2,349		285		(2,064)	475
Other				49		49	 
<b>Total Revenues</b>		672,349		639,031		(33,318)	 677,700
Expenditures Current:							
Public Safety		613,520		586,647		26,873	583,909
Capital Outlay							 6,240
Total Expenditures		613,520		586,647		26,873	 590,149
Net change in fund balance		58,829		52,384		(6,445)	87,551
Fund balances, beginning of year		264,596		264,596			 177,045
Fund balances at year end	\$	323,425	\$	316,980	\$	(6,445)	\$ 264,596

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - PUBLIC SAFETY PROGRAMS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

with comparative actual totals for the year ended September 30, 2009

	2010							
	Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive / (Negative)			2009
Revenues								
Fines and forfietures	\$	80,778	\$	56,327	\$	(24,451)	\$	73,416
Investment earnings		1,163		313		(850)		760
Other income		25,000		42,912		17,912		171,420
Intergovernmental		3,057		2,748		(309)		2,968
<b>Total Revenues</b>		109,998		102,300		(7,698)	248,564	
Expenditures								
Current:								
Public Safety		374,900		249,496		125,404		107,136
<b>Total Expenditures</b>		374,900		249,496		125,404		107,136
Net change in fund balance		(264,902)		(147,196)		117,706		141,428
Fund balances, beginning of year		303,890		303,890				162,462
Fund balances at year end	\$	38,988	\$	156,694	\$	117,706	\$	303,890

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#### **Unaudited Statistical Section**

This part of the City of Seabrook, Texas' comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends	62
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	72
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue sources, the property tax.	
Debt Capacity	78
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	83
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.	
Operating Information	88
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

NET ASSETS BY COMPONENT

Last Eight Fiscal Years (1) Amounts in (000's) (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

				Fiscal Year	
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007 <sup>(2)</sup>
Governmental Activities					
Invested in capital assets,					
net of related debt	\$ 8,867	\$ 10,001	\$ 11,577	\$ 12,098	\$ 13,391
Restricted	1,646	4,731	4,675	3,362	2,427
Unrestricted	4,329	1,150	1,492	2,440	2,635
Total governmental activities net assets	\$ 14,842	\$ 15,882	\$ 17,744	\$ 17,900	\$ 18,453
Business-type Activities					
Invested in capital assets,					
net of related debt	\$ 4,267	\$ 6,189	\$ 4,788	\$ 6,265	\$ 5,013
Restricted	160	160	115	1,711	2,598
Unrestricted	3,559	1,395	3,142	2,856	2,575
Total business-type activities net assets	\$ 7,986	\$ 7,744	\$ 8,045	\$ 10,832	\$ 10,186
Primary Government					
Invested in capital assets,					
net of related debt	\$ 13,134	\$ 16,190	\$ 16,365	\$ 18,363	\$ 18,404
Restricted	1,806	4,891	4,790	5,073	5,025
Unrestricted	7,888	2,545	4,634	5,296	5,210
Total primary government net assets	\$ 22,828	\$ 23,626	\$ 25,789	\$ 28,732	\$ 28,639

<sup>(1)</sup> The requirement for statistical data is ten years; only eight years are available at this time.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(2)</sup> In fiscal year 2007 the Seabrook Economic Development Corporation began to be reported as a discretely presented component unit.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(3)</sup> In fiscal year 2008, the City issued voter approved debt of approximately 4.0 million to contribute to the construction of Repsdorph Road, a Harris County owned thoroughfare in order to improve mobility in the City. Because there is no city owned capital asset, the debt related to this expenditure is classified against governmental activity unrestricted net assets.

2008	2009	2010			
\$ 12,213	\$ 14,027	\$ 14,938			
2,695	3,052	3,005			
(898) (3)	(900) (3)	(1,860)			
\$ 14,010	\$ 16,179	\$ 16,083			
\$ 6,596	\$ 7,567	\$ 7,553			
1,973	2,165	2,294			
2,635	2,677	2,987			
\$ 11,204	\$ 12,409	\$ 12,834			
\$ 18,809	\$ 21,594	\$ 22,491			
4,668	5,217	5,299			
1,737	1,777	1,127			
\$ 25,214	\$ 28,588	\$ 28,917			

CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

Last Eight Fiscal Years (1) Amounts in (000's)

(Accrual basis of accounting)

				Fiscal Yea	
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007 <sup>(2)</sup>
Expenses					
Governmental activities:					
General government	\$ 1,918	\$ 1,999	\$ 2,328	\$ 2,605	\$ 3,086
Public safety	2,962	3,153	2,648	3,787	3,834
Public works	1,661	1,757	1,329	1,953	1,982
Economic development	411	530	1,540	393	307
Interest on long-term debt	494	542	270	796	501
Total governmental activities expenses	7,446	7,981	8,115	9,534	9,710
Business-type activities:					
Utilities	2,915	3,173	3,316	3,603	3,598
Total business-type activities expenses	2,915	3,173	3,316	3,603	3,598
Total primary government expenses	\$10,361	\$11,154	\$11,431	\$13,137	\$ 13,308
Program Revenue					
Governmental activities:					
Charges for services					
Public safety	\$ 355	\$ 305	\$ 423	\$ 456	\$ 548
Public works	361	491	520	689	366
Operating grants and contributions					
General government					66
Public safety	126	175	192	17	17
Public works					
Economic development					
Capital grants and contributions					
General government					
Public safety		317			
Public works					
Total governmental activities program revenues	842	1,288	1,135	1,162	997
Business-type activities:					
Utilities:					
Charges for services	3,775	4,065	4,412	5,241	4,829
Operating grants and contributions					
Capital grants and contributions					625
Total business-type activities program revenues	3,775	4,065	4,412	5,241	5,454
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 4,617	\$ 5,353	\$ 5,547	\$ 6,403	\$ 6,451
Net (Expense)/Revenue					
Governmental activities	\$ (6,604)	\$ (6,693)	\$ (6,980)	\$ (8,372)	\$ (8,713)
Business-type activities	860	892	1,096	1,638	1,856
Total primary government net expense	\$ (5,744)	\$ (5,801)	\$ (5,884)	\$ (6,734)	\$ (6,857)

2008	2(	009		2010
¢ 2.224	¢.	2.704	¢.	4 277
\$ 3,224	\$	3,704	\$	4,377
4,523	)	4,040		4,471
0,244		5,180		2,012
303		308		239
768		716		781
17,062		13,948		11,880
2 960		4,372		1256
3,869		4,372		4,356 4,356
\$ 20,931	\$ 1	18,320	\$	
\$ 20,931	<b>3</b>	18,320	<u> </u>	16,236
\$ 736	\$	732	\$	592
308	φ	430	φ	300
308		430		300
154		76		193
16		18		180
918		3,145		283
710		3,143		9
		48		102
		225		
		976		32
2,132		5,650		1,691
<del></del>				
5,462		5,594		6,048
430		298		134
5,892		5,892		6,182
\$ 8,024	\$ 11,542		\$	7,873
	_			
\$(14,930)	\$	(8,298)	\$	(10,189)
2,023		1,520		1,826
\$(12,907)	\$	(6,778)	\$	(8,363)

CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

Last eight Fiscal Years (1)

Amounts in (000's) (Accrual basis of accounting)

	_			]	Fiscal Year
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007 <sup>(2)</sup>
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Asse	ts				
Governmental activities:					
Property taxes	\$ 3,229	\$ 3,438	\$ 3,895	\$ 4,078	\$ 4,475
Sales and use taxes	2,201	2,358	2,891	2,728	2,423
Franchise taxes	571	599	624	648	694
Investment earnings	108	113	275	569	489
Other revenues	129	3			256
Transfers	844	1,194	922	504	1,354
Total governmental activities	7,082	7,705	8,607	8,527	9,691
Business-type activities:					
Investment earnings	63	62	127	233	271
Other revenues	164				
Gain/(Loss) on sale of capital assets	7	(3)			
Transfers	(844)	(1,194)	(922)	(504)	(1,354)
Total business-type activities	(610)	(1,135)	(795)	(271)	(1,083)
Total primary government	\$ 6,472	\$ 6,570	\$ 7,812	\$ 8,256	\$ 8,608
Change in Net Assets					
Governmental activities	\$ 478	\$ 1,012	\$ 1,627	\$ 155	\$ 978
Business-type activities	250	(243)	301	1,367	773
Total primary government	\$ 728	\$ 769	\$ 1,928	\$ 1,522	\$ 1,751

<sup>(1)</sup> The requirement for statistical data is ten years; only eight years are available at this time.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(2)</sup> In fiscal year 2007 the Seabrook Economic Development Corporation began to be reported as a discretely presented component unit.

<sup>(3)</sup> In fiscal year 2008, the City paid \$5million to Harris County for a construction project on Repsdorph Road (a County road) and incurred approximately \$1.4 million in hurricane related expenses.

Page 2 of 2

2008	:	2009	2010
\$ 4,663	\$	5,056	\$ 5,088
2,806		2,628	2,422
706		684	711
342		57	16
256		751	409
1,181		1,289	1,447
9,954		10,465	 10,093
175		41	10 35
(1,181)		(1,289)	(1,447)
(1,006)		(1,248)	(1,402)
\$ 8,948	\$	9,217	\$ 8,691
\$ (4,976)	\$	2,167	\$ (96)
1,017		272	 424
\$ (3,959)	\$	2,439	\$ 328

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Eight Fiscal Years <sup>(1)</sup> Amounts in (000's) (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

				Fiscal Year	
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007 <sup>(2)</sup>
General Fund					
Reserved	\$ 40	\$ 16	\$ 45	\$ 133	\$ 199
Unreserved	1,002	1,016	1,404	2,079	2,554
Total general fund	\$ 1,042	\$ 1,032	\$ 1,449	\$ 2,212	\$ 2,753
All Other Governmental Funds					
Reserved	\$ 870	\$ 975	\$ 1,154	\$ 1,283	\$ 1,599
Unreserved, reported in:	,	,	, , -	, ,	, ,
Capital Project	7,856	6,548	10,251	6,548	3,803
Special revenue funds	308	281	323	452	668
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 9,034	\$ 7,804	\$11,728	\$ 8,283	\$ 6,070

<sup>(1)</sup> The requirement for statistical data is ten years; only eight years are available at this time.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(2)</sup> In fiscal year 2007 the Seabrook Economic Development Corporation began to be reported as a discretely presented component unit.

2008	,	2009	20	10	
\$	\$	2	\$	5	
2,691		2,831	2	2,855	
\$ 2,691	\$	2,833	\$ 2,860		
\$ 2,734	\$	3,091	\$ 3	3,042	
, ,,-	·	- ,		, -	
2,684		2,590	2	2,447	
\$ 5,418	\$	5,681	\$ 5	,489	

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Eight Fiscal Years (1) Amounts in (000's)

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

				Fi	scal Year			
	- 2	2003	2004		2005	2006	2	007 <sup>(2)</sup>
Revenues			 			 		
Property taxes	\$	3,216	\$ 3,463	\$	3,901	\$ 4,072	\$	4,451
Sales and use taxes		2,201	2,358		2,891	2,728		2,423
Franchise taxes		571	599		624	648		694
Licenses and permits		355	305		423	456		322
Fines and forfeitures		288	291		320	473		464
Charges for services		73	67		65	63		57
Investment earnings		108	113		275	569		489
Intergovernmental		126	491		198	17		82
Other		128	137		129	 153		329
Total Revenues		7,066	 7,824		8,826	 9,179		9,311
Expenditures								
General government		1,858	1,921		2,189	2,534		3,040
Public safety		2,957	3,093		3,217	3,552		3,551
Public works		1,460	1,896		1,405	1,438		1,521
Economic Development		788	2,141		1,540	658		307
Debt service:								
Principal		963	901		1,942	670		456
Interest		526	547		564	691		501
Capital outlay						2,323		1,373
Total Expenditures		8,552	10,499		10,857	11,866		10,749
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(1,486)	(2,675)		(2,031)	(2,687)		(1,438)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
General obligation bonds issued		4,500			5,175			
Refunding bonds issued		1,605			2,971			
Premium on refunding bonds issued		1,003			63			
Discount on refunding bonds issued					(53)			
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		(1,571)			(3,050)			
Insurance proceeds		(1,5/1)			(3,030)			
Transfers in		964	1,298		1 0/11	2,144		1,354
Transfers out					1,041			1,554
		(120)	(104)		(120)	(2,140)		
Capital lease proceeds		233	 	-	108	 		
Total other financing sources (uses)		5,611	 1,194		6,135	 4		1,354
Net change in fund balances	\$	4,125	\$ (1,481)	\$	4,104	\$ (2,683)	\$	(84)

<sup>(1)</sup> The requirement for statistical data is ten years; only seven years are available at this time.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(2)</sup> In fiscal year 2007 the Seabrook Economic Development Corporation began to be reported as a discretely presented component unit.

2008	2009	2010				
<b>.</b>	A #05-	<b>↑ ▼</b> 0€:				
\$ 4,680	\$ 5,055	\$ 5,084				
2,806 706	2,628 684	2,422 711				
250		225				
612	378 550	539				
68	62	339 86				
341	57	16				
988	3,239	656				
508	580	485				
10,959	13,233	10,224				
10,555	13,233	10,224				
3,168	3,401	4,096				
4,271	4,068	4,414				
2,693	5,585	1,758				
303	309	240				
620	513	585				
687	774	754				
8,146	113	1,020				
19,888	14,763	12,867				
(8,929)	(1,530)	(2,643)				
(0,>=>)	(1,000)	(=,0.0)				
6,835		900				
,						
200						
		131				
1,181	578	1,447				
	1,298					
	(9)					
8,216	1,867	2,478				
0,210	1,007	2,770				
\$ (713)	\$ 337	\$ (165)				
<del></del> -						

ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXA.

Last Eight Fiscal Years (1)

Tax Year	,	Total Real Property		Personal Property	Exemptions and	S	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate
2002	\$	536,583,110	\$	59,238,060	\$ 69,914,930	)	\$ 525,906,240	\$ 0.600583
2003		593,331,620		56,211,270	85,826,310	)	563,716,580	0.608235
2004		645,704,001		59,244,499	94,610,590	)	610,337,910	0.619573
2005		715,935,585		57,830,850	128,476,929	)	645,289,506	0.630706
2006		764,898,295		82,426,063	140,260,655	5	707,063,703	0.621009
2007		800,371,653		93,001,677	147,046,586	5	746,326,744	0.620252
2008		918,598,632		95,312,943	161,054,726	5	852,856,849	0.588373
2009		900,127,932		96,447,635	166,465,212	2	830,110,355	0.613409
	2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008	2002 \$ 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008	Year         Property           2002         \$ 536,583,110           2003         593,331,620           2004         645,704,001           2005         715,935,585           2006         764,898,295           2007         800,371,653           2008         918,598,632	Year         Property           2002         \$ 536,583,110         \$           2003         593,331,620         \$           2004         645,704,001         \$           2005         715,935,585         \$           2006         764,898,295         \$           2007         800,371,653         \$           2008         918,598,632	Year         Property         Property           2002         \$ 536,583,110         \$ 59,238,060           2003         593,331,620         56,211,270           2004         645,704,001         59,244,499           2005         715,935,585         57,830,850           2006         764,898,295         82,426,063           2007         800,371,653         93,001,677           2008         918,598,632         95,312,943	Tax         Total Real Property         Personal Property         Exemptions and Abatements           2002         \$ 536,583,110         \$ 59,238,060         \$ 69,914,930           2003         593,331,620         56,211,270         85,826,310           2004         645,704,001         59,244,499         94,610,590           2005         715,935,585         57,830,850         128,476,925           2006         764,898,295         82,426,063         140,260,655           2007         800,371,653         93,001,677         147,046,586           2008         918,598,632         95,312,943         161,054,726	Year         Property         Property         Abatements           2002         \$ 536,583,110         \$ 59,238,060         \$ 69,914,930           2003         593,331,620         56,211,270         85,826,310           2004         645,704,001         59,244,499         94,610,590           2005         715,935,585         57,830,850         128,476,929           2006         764,898,295         82,426,063         140,260,655           2007         800,371,653         93,001,677         147,046,586           2008         918,598,632         95,312,943         161,054,726	Tax YearTotal Real PropertyPersonal PropertyExemptions and AbatementsTaxable Assessed Value2002\$ 536,583,110\$ 59,238,060\$ 69,914,930\$ 525,906,2402003593,331,62056,211,27085,826,310563,716,5802004645,704,00159,244,49994,610,590610,337,9102005715,935,58557,830,850128,476,929645,289,5062006764,898,29582,426,063140,260,655707,063,7032007800,371,65393,001,677147,046,586746,326,7442008918,598,63295,312,943161,054,726852,856,849

Source: Harris County Certified Tax Rolls and Corrections.

**Note:** The city began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2003.

<sup>(1)</sup> The requirement for statistical data is ten years; only seven years are available at this time.

<sup>(2)</sup> The Harris County Appraisal District determines the January 1 market value of all taxable property, and the property is appraised at that value unless it is a residence homestead subject to a cap. Capped homesteads are limited to increases in appraised value of 10% each year. Once a property's appraised and market values are equal, further increases (or decreases) in value will depend on the market in that neighborhood.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(3)</sup>In 2002, the City approved creation of the HC MUD 373 and agreed to pay HC MUD 373 12% of the taxes collected by the City on land and improvements for entities within the HC MUD 373 jurisdiction for a term of seven and a half years so long as the HC MUD 373 has any bonded indebtedness. Total Direct Rates excludes the HC MUD 373 tax of \$.41 because it only affects 429 tax accounts within the City.

	Assesse
	d Value
	as a
<b>Estimated</b>	Percent
Actual	of Actual
Taxable	Taxable
Value	Value
\$525,906,240	100%
563,716,580	100%
610,337,910	100%
645,289,506	100%
707,063,703	100%
746,326,744	100%
852,856,849	100%
830,110,355	100%

# PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS Last Eight Fiscal Years (1)

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
City of Seabrook by fund:					
General	\$0.41271	\$0.42037	\$0.43170	\$0.44707	\$0.45328
Debt service	0.18787	0.18787	0.18787	0.18364	0.16773
<b>Total Direct Rates</b>	0.60058	0.60824	0.61957	0.63071	0.62101
Clear Creek School District	1.74000	1.73000	1.74500	1.77500	1.63000
Harris County	0.38814	0.38803	0.39986	0.39986	0.40239
Harris County Flood Control District	0.04174	0.04174	0.03318	0.03318	0.03241
Port of Houston Authority	0.01989	0.02000	0.01673	0.01673	0.01302
Harris County Hospital District	0.19021	0.19021	0.19021	0.19021	0.19216
Harris County Dept. of Education	0.00629	0.00629	0.00629	0.00629	0.00629
<b>Total Direct and Overlapping</b>					
Rates (2)	\$2.98685	\$2.98451	\$3.01084	\$3.05198	\$2.89728

Tax rates per \$100 of assessed valuation

Source: Harris County Appraisal District

<sup>(1)</sup> The requirement for statistical data is ten years; only eight years are available at this time.

<sup>(2)</sup> In 2002, the City approved creation of the HC MUD 373 and agreed to pay HC MUD 373 12% of the taxes collected by the City on land and improvements for entities within the HC MUD 373 jurisdiction for a term of seven and a half years so long as the HC MUD 373 has any bonded indebtedness. Total Direct Rates excludes the HC MUD 373 tax of .65 because it only affects 298 tax accounts within the City.

2008	2009	2010
\$0.46979	\$0.43012	\$0.45628
0.15046	0.15825	0.15713
0.62025	0.58837	0.61341
1.32000	1.36000	1.36000
0.39239	0.38923	0.39224
0.03106	0.03086	0.29220
0.01437	0.01773	0.16360
0.19216	0.19216	0.19216
0.00585	0.00584	0.00605
\$2.57608	\$2.58419	\$3.01966

# PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS

Current Year and Seven Years Ago  $^{(1)}$ 

	2009			2003			
Property Tax Payer	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	% of Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	% of Taxable Assessed Value	
Repsdorph Road LTD	\$ 14,163,108	1	1.71%				
Sinbad Landing Corp.	13,956,000	2	1.68%	\$ 11,750,000	2	2.23%	
DMH 90	10,053,484	3	1.21%	7,799,980	4	1.48%	
Seatree I LTD Partnership	8,700,000	4	1.05%	5,489,590	8	1.04%	
SEC Edgelake LLC	8,675,927	5	1.05%				
CGMT 2006C5 Repsorph Rd APT	8,106,000	6	0.98%				
Lamrock 3/2001LP	7,009,843	7	0.84%				
Centerpoint Energy Inc.	6,701,869	8	0.81%				
Marina Max	5,443,138	9	0.66%				
Golden Tall Tree LLC	4,953,440	10	0.60%				
Ocean Energy Inc.				15,016,863	1	2.86%	
LS General Partnership				7,900,000	3	1.50%	
Reliant Energy				6,626,020	5	1.26%	
WXII/WCI Real Estate LTD				6,429,180	6	1.22%	
Taylor Lake Development LTD				5,547,510	7	1.05%	
Miramar Station LLC				4,255,500	9	0.81%	
Seabrook Marina				3,809,180	10	0.72%	
Subtotal	87,762,809		10.59%	74,623,823	-	14.19%	
Other Taxpayers	742,347,546		89.41%	451,282,417	-	85.81%	
Total	830,110,355		100.00%	525,906,240	=	100.00%	

Source: Harris County Tax Assessor-Collector's records.

<sup>(1)</sup> The requirement for statistical data is ten years; only seven years are available at this time.

# PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

Last Eight Fiscal Years (1)

Fiscal		Collected	within the						
Year	Year Taxes Levied		Fiscal Year of the Levy		lections in	Total Collecti	<b>Total Collections to Date</b>		
Ended	for the		Percentage	St	ıbsequent		Percentage		
Sept 30,	Fiscal Year	Amount	of Levy		Years	Amount	of Levy		
2003	\$ 3,158,503	\$ 3,032,072	96.0%	\$	112,802	\$ 3,144,874	99.6%		
2004	3,428,722	3,314,150	96.7%		98,122	3,412,272	99.5%		
2005	3,781,489	3,668,404	97.0%		90,521	3,758,925	99.4%		
2006	4,069,880	3,884,705	95.5%		162,447	4,047,152	99.4%		
2007	4,363,564	4,252,282	97.4%		85,574	4,337,856	99.4%		
2008	4,594,030	4,498,264	97.9%		67,204	4,565,468	99.4%		
2009	4,985,811	4,894,771	98.2%		47,148	4,941,919	99.1%		
2010	5,050,227	4,945,845	97.9%			4,945,845	97.9%		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(1)</sup> The requirement for statistical data is ten years; only eight years are available at this time.

# RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

Last Eight Fiscal Years (1) (dollars in thousands, except per capita)

	-	Governmenta	Business-Type Activitie				
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Certificates of Obligation Bonds	Notes Payable	Capital Lease Obligations	Revenue Bonds	General Obligation Bonds	
2003	\$ 8,581	\$ 105	\$ 120	\$ 267	\$ 2,195	\$ 1,329	
2004	8,137		105	116	2,150	1,113	
2005	12,746		105	82	4,365	889	
2006	12,419			30	4,220	786	
2007	11,994				4,070	666	
2008	18,385				5,522	540	
2009	17,873				5,357	413	
2010	17,316	900			5,174	279	

**Note:** Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

<sup>(1)</sup> The requirement for statistical data is ten years; only eight years are available at this time.

<sup>(2)</sup> Population data can be found in demographic and economic statistics table.

Total Primary Government		Percentage of Personal Income (2)	Per Capita <sup>(2)</sup>		
\$	12,597	4.1%	\$	1,205	
	11,621	3.5%		1,076	
	18,187	5.2%		1,668	
	17,455	4.8%		1,587	
	16,730	4.4%		1,496	
	24,447	6.2%		2,112	
	23,643	5.7%		1,962	
	23,669	5.3%		1,980	

RATIO OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT TO TAXABLE VALUE, GENERAL BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA, AND TAXABLE VALUE OF ALL PROPERTY

Last Eight Fiscal Years (1) (dollars in thousands, except per capita)

Fiscal Year	Tax Year	General Obligation Bonds	Less Debt Service Funds	Net Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	Percentage of Personal Income (2)	Per Capita
2003	2002	\$ 10,015	\$ 870	\$ 9,145	1.7%	2.8%	\$ 875
2004	2003	9,250	975	8,275	1.5%	2.3%	766
2005	2004	13,635	1,154	12,481	2.0%	3.4%	1,145
2006	2005	13,205	1,221	11,984	1.9%	3.2%	1,089
2007	2006	12,660	1,519	11,141	1.6%	2.8%	996
2008	2007	18,925	1,605	17,320	2.3%	4.2%	1,496
2009	2008	18,286	1,692	16,594	1.9%	3.7%	1,377
2010	2009	18,495	1,689	16,806	2.0%	3.5%	1,406

**Note:** Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

<sup>(1)</sup> The requirement for statistical data is ten years; only eight years are available at this time.

<sup>(2)</sup> Population data can be found in demographic and economic statistics table.

#### DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT

September 30, 2010

(dollars in thousands, except per capita)

Governmental Unit  Debt repaid with property taxes	Debt Outstanding		Estimated Percentage Applicable (1)	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt	
Dest repaid with property taxes					
Clear Creek ISD Harris County (2)	\$	669,599 1,541,716	4.580% 0.210%	\$	30,668 3,238
Harris Co. Flood Control District		670,982	0.210%		1,409
Harris County Toll Road		494,983	0.210%		1,039
Port of Houston Authority		514,712	0.210%		1,081
Municipal Utility District 373		5,090	100.000%		5,090
Subtotal, overlapping debt					42,525
City direct debt			100.000%		18,495
Total direct and overlapping debt					61,020
Population					11,952
Per Capita Debt-Direct and Overlappin	g De	bt		\$	5,105

<sup>(1)</sup> Excludes Toll Road Tax Bonds. The County's policy and practice has been to provide payment of debt service on the outstanding Toll Road Tax Bonds from toll revenues and certain other funds, and to date no tax has been collected to provide for such debt service.

Source: Harris County Auditor's Office

**Source:** Accounting records of the City and the various taxing authorities

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(2)</sup> Excludes commercial paper transactions. Harris County and the Harris County Flood Control District have established a general obligation commercial paper program payable from ad valorem taxes for the purpose of financing various short-term assets and temporary construction financing for certain long-term fixed assets. The commercial paper program consists of sic series totaling \$655 million. To date specific projects have been approved for no more than \$462.8 million. As of September 30, 2006. Harris County and Harris County Flood District had outstanding \$462.8 million of commercial paper.

PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Gross revenues	Operating expenses	Net revenues available for Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
2001	\$4,151,190	\$3,054,761	\$1,096,429	\$125,000	\$ 30,444	\$ 155,444	7.1
2002	4,595,490	3,230,161	1,365,329	125,000	25,256	150,256	9.1
2003	4,001,998	2,529,916	1,472,082		19,944	19,944	73.8
2004	4,126,169	2,706,213	1,419,956	45,000	114,500	159,500	8.9
2005	4,538,952	2,835,395	1,703,557	60,000	139,031	199,031	8.6
2006	5,474,903	3,011,109	2,463,794	145,000	179,716	324,716	7.6
2007	5,100,087	3,197,851	1,902,236	150,000	174,824	324,824	5.9
2008	5,637,190	3,440,044	2,197,146	160,000	204,674	364,674	6.0
2009	5,635,039	3,645,954	1,989,085	165,000	269,083	434,083	4.6
2010	6,058,814	4,007,300	2,051,514	183,000	224,614	407,614	5.0

<sup>(1)</sup> Total revenues including interest

<sup>(2)</sup> Total operating expenses less depreciation

<sup>(3)</sup> Includes revenue bonds only

#### DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended Sept. 30,	<b>Population</b> (1)(2)(7)	Personal Income <sup>(6)</sup>	P	er Capita Personal come <sup>(7)(8)</sup>	Median Age (5)(7)	School Enrollment <sup>(3)</sup>	Unemployment Rate <sup>(4)(7)</sup>
2001	9,840	\$297,911,892	\$	30,276	n/a	1,742	4.5%
2002	9,919	307,844,289		31,036	n/a	1,923	4.3%
2003	10,450	332,468,092		31,815	n/a	1,935	4.9%
2004	10,803	352,329,110		32,614	n/a	1,977	4.2%
2005	10,904	364,552,822		33,433	34.0	1,977	4.1%
2006	11,000	377,003,000		34,273	34.6	1,744	3.6%
2007	11,182	391,560,094		35,017	36.6	1,767	3.8%
$2008^{(9)}$	11,577	415,708,106		35,908	36.3	1,694	2.9%
2009	12,051	448,887,699		37,249	36.9	1,731	3.0%
2010	11,952	479,986,277		40,159	36.8	1,721	3.1%

#### **Data sources:**

<sup>(1)</sup> Bureau of the Census

<sup>(2)</sup> Records of the City

<sup>(3)</sup> Clear Creek Independent School District

<sup>(4)</sup> Tracer

<sup>(5)</sup> Median age data prior to 2005 is not available.

<sup>(6)</sup> Personal income information is a total for the year.

<sup>(7)</sup> Sperlings Best Places

 $<sup>^{(8)}</sup>$  Per Capita Income figures estimated for 2001-2005 based on growth % in Harris Co. comparable growth rate to equal 2006 figure from Best Places

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(9)</sup> All 2008 figures, except School Enrollment, are estimates from the Bay Area Houston Economic Partnership.

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PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

Current Year and Two Years Ago

	2010		2008	
Employer	Number of Employees	% Employed	Number of Employees	
Technical Automation Service Corporation	126	3.41%	130	
Seabrook Intermediate School	102	2.76%	105	
City of Seabrook	101	2.73%	103	
Kroger	88	2.38%	95	
Bay Area Elementary	80	2.16%	82	
Lakewood Yacht Club	71	1.92%	71	
Hooters	41	1.11%	80	
Bay Area Trees & Landscape	39	1.05%	45	
McDonald's	37	1.00%	36	
Mario's Flying Pizza	34	0.92%	35	
Seabrook Classic Café	33	0.89%	36	
Marine Max	33	0.89%	40	
Maas Nursery & Landscaping	25	0.68%	32	
Kiwo, Inc.	20	0.54%	31	
Bailey's American Grille	0	0.00%	38	
Total number of jobs	3,698	22.44%	3,738	

Specific numbers of employees by employer for previous years are not available at this time as required by generally accepted accounting principles. As these numbers become available, they will be included in future reports.

# FULL-TIME EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal	Year
	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
General Government:						
City Manager	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Legislative	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Personnel	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50
Purchasing	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50
Finance	2.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Administrative Assistant	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Information Technology	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Streets & Drainage	7.66	7.66	7.66	7.66	7.66	7.66
Community Development	4.00	4.00	4.00	5.00	4.00	4.00
Municipal Court	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.50
Subtotal	21.66	22.66	22.66	23.66	22.66	23.16
Public Safety:						
Police	32.25	31.25	34.25	33.25	34.00	26.50
Emergency Management	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	1.00	1.00
Animal Control	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	2.00	2.00
DOT						3.50
Crime District						6.50
Subtotal	34.00	33.00	36.00	35.00	37.00	39.50
Enterprise Operations:						
Water	6.66	6.66	6.66	6.66	7.66	4.66
Sewer	4.68	4.68	5.68	4.68	4.68	4.68
Billing	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Subtotal	13.34	13.34	14.34	13.34	14.34	11.34
Parks & Recreation	10.00	9.00	9.00	8.00	8.00	7.00
Economic Development	2.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Total	81.00	79.00	83.00	81.00	83.00	82.00

2007	2008	2009	2010
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
2.50	2.50	2.50	3.00
1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75
0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50
2.50	2.00	2.50	3.50
2.00	2.00	2.00	1.00
0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
8.29	9.60	8.29	8.29
5.05	5.70	5.70	5.70
2.50	3.00	3.00	3.25
26.09	29.05	28.24	28.99
29.00	32.00	30.50	30.50
1.00	1.00	1.00	0.75
2.48	2.48	1.48	1.48
3.50	2.50	2.50	2.50
6.50	7.00	6.00	6.00
42.48	44.98	41.48	41.23
5.57	5.93	6.95	6.95
5.57	4.86	4.57	4.57
2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
13.14	12.79	13.52	13.52
13.19	15.00	13.55	13.68
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
95.90	102.82	97.79	98.42

#### OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION / PROGRAM

Last Eight Fiscal Years (1)

	Fiscal Year				
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Function / Program					
Police					
Arrests	908	1,040	1,113	1,423	1155
Accident reports	195	203	212	239	256
Citations	4,046	4,201	4,342	5,558	5162
Offense reports	396	369	339	238	390
Calls for service	15,745	16,002	17,545	21,747	23764
Fire					
Emergency responses					308
Fire incidents					27
Average response time					6:23
Water					
New accounts	104	100	142	122	137
Average daily consumption					
(millions of gallons)	1,647	1,776	1,932	1,652	1,250
Total Consumption (millions					
of gallons)	600,429	651,052	704,588	604,949	456,090
Peak daily consumption					
(millions of gallons)	2,718	2,686	2,891	2,353	2,514
Sewer					
Average daily sewage treatment					
(millions of gallons)	1,170	1,233	1,099	1,068	1,345
Total Consumption (millions					
of gallons)	427,557	450,435	400,353	390,394	478,910
Peak daily consumption					<b></b>
(millions of gallons)	2,880	3,100	2,470	2,500	6,196 (2)

**Source:** Various City departments

<sup>(1)</sup> The requirement for statistical data is ten years; only eight years are available at this time.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(2)</sup> Increase is due to excessive rain in October, 2006. The jump in peak daily consumption indicates a storm came through the city on that day.

2008	2009	2010
991	670	882
255	209	165
7160	5267	5309
342	363	389
28776	24573	27340
501	376	196
	28	21
6:16	7:12	6:31
142	88	54
1,308	1,365	1,845
477,558	498,186	673,673
2,551	4,420	4,012
1,166	1,130	1,210
425,590	413,450	441,711
4,540	4,012	4,904

# CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION / PROGRAM

Last Eight Fiscal Years (1)

			F	iscal Year	
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Function / Program					
Police					
Stations	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol units	15	16	15	13	17
Fire stations	1	1	1	1	1
Other public works					
Streets (miles - centerlines)	37.4	38.7	39.8	42	42
Parks and recreation					
Parks	13	14	14	14	14
Parks acreage	131	138	138	138	138
Baseball / softball diamonds	4	4	4	4	4
Swimming pools	1	1	1	1	1
Community centers	1	1	1	1	2
Water					
Water mains (miles)	51.3	52.6	53.5	56.3	56.3
Fire hydrants	366	397	429	449	469
Storage capacity (millions of gallons)	1.175	1.1	1.1	2.1	2.1
Sewer					
Sanitary sewers (miles)	49.6	50.6	51.8	54.2	54.2
Storm sewers (miles)	18	19.2	20	21.6	22
Open ditch / creek / canal drainage (miles)	18	18	18	20	20
Treatment capacity (millions of gallons)	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5

**Source:** Various City departments

<sup>(1)</sup> The requirement for statistical data is ten years; only eight years are available at this time.

2008	2009	2010
1	1	1
18	17	17
1	1	1
42	42	42.1
15	15	15
156	230	230
4	4	4
1	1	1
2	2	2
56.3	56.3	56.4
478	479	479
2.1	2.1	2.1
54.2	54.2	54.4
22	22	22
20	20	20.25
2.5	2.5	2.5